

YEDİTEPE UNIVERSITY MEDICAL SCHOOL

AIM AND OUTCOMES OF MEDICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM**

*“Consensus Commission Report” based on draft compiled at “*Workshop for Revision of Aim and Outcomes of Medical Education Program at Yeditepe University Medical School*”

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AIM

The aim of medical education program *is to graduate physicians* who

- ***are aware of*** the local and global health issues
- ***have acquired competence*** in knowledge, skills and attitudes to manage and provide primary health care service
- ***know, apply and care*** for ethical principles of the medical profession
- ***keep up with*** current knowledge at national and international level
- ***are capable of*** systematical thinking
- ***are*** investigative and questioning
- continually ***renovate*** and ***improve*** themselves
- ***are capable of*** teamwork
- ***use*** technology competently in medicine and related areas
- ***have*** effective communication skills
- ***have*** community leadership qualifications

OUTCOMES

Graduate should be able to:

1) *practice as a physician,*

- **oriented towards**
 - **individual and non-individual factors affecting health**
 - **sustainment and improvement of healthy condition**
 - **clinical conditions which**
 - **are frequent in community****and/or**
 - **pose high risk for individual or community health****and/or**

- **life-threatening or constitute an emergency**
- **at a competency level appropriate to deliver primary health care services compatible with surrounding context of health determinants.**

- 1.1 **explain** normal structural components of human body, their functions and operational mechanisms at organismal, multisystem, system, organ, tissue, cellular and molecular levels.
- 1.2 **explain** healthy condition and factors affecting health.
- 1.3 **explain** and **relates** causes of clinical conditions, courses of effect and outcomes.
- 1.4 **explain** changes (*i.e. physiological and pathological*) in structural components of body, their functions and operational mechanisms under healthy and clinical conditions.
- 1.5 **explain** most frequently occurring or most important clinical complaints (*i.e. chief complaint*), symptoms, signs, laboratory and imaging findings and their emergence mechanisms in clinical conditions.
- 1.6 **explain** current medical and surgical methods used in interventions directed towards health conditions.
- 1.7 **use** contextually appropriate medical history taking method, out of different types (*e.g. comprehensive, focused or hypothetico-deductive*) and systematically, to gather medical information from healthy individual, patient or patient's companions (*i.e. heteroanamnesis*), in case of an encounter with a healthy person or a patient who seeks health care service for a health condition.
- 1.8 **employ** physical examination methods for systems in case of an encounter with a healthy person or a patient who seeks health care service for a health condition.
- 1.9 accurately **interpret** findings in medical history and physical examination, in case of an encounter with a healthy person or a patient who seeks health care service for a health condition.
- 1.10 **implement** diagnostic procedures (*e.g. point of care testing, physician office testing*) required for primary health care, in case of an encounter with a healthy person or a patient who seeks health care service for a health condition.
- 1.11 **select (utilize)** tests shown to be highly effective in clinical decision making by evidence-based medicine from the aspects of reliability, practicality and outcome

measures, in case of an encounter with a healthy person or a patient who seeks health care service for a health condition, and **interpret** results.

- 1.12 **make** clinical decisions (*e.g. benefit estimation, risk estimation, prevention, screening, test requisition, diagnosis, triage, staging, consultation, prognosis, watchful-waiting, intervention, monitoring, end of intervention, discharge, control, end of follow-up*) shown to be highly effective from the aspects of outcome measures by evidence-based medicine, in case of an encounter with a healthy person or a patient who seeks health care service for a health condition.
- 1.13 accurately **perform** interventional procedures (*i.e. interventional clinical skills, competencies and proficiencies*) required for primary health care, in case of an encounter with a healthy person or a patient who seeks health care service for a clinical condition.
- 1.14 **coordinate** referral or transport of patient, when necessary and with patient-centered approach, to secondary health care institution, without posing any risk to patient's health, security and confidentiality, in case of an encounter with a patient who seeks health care service for a clinical condition.
- 1.15 **manage** request or symptom, healthy or clinical condition, and healthy individual or patient, with beneficiary-centered approach, and with clinical decisions made by analytical and critical thinking, clinical reasoning and problem solving methods, in case of an encounter with a patient who seeks health care service for a health condition.
- 1.16 **execute** protective and therapeutic medical practices that are individual, family and community-oriented, easily accessible, integrated and coordinated, continuous, comprehensive, and based on the principles of confidentiality, in primary health care services.
- 1.17 **identify** factors that pose a high risk to individual and community health, and **determine** individuals or populations at risk in advance or at an early stage and implement the necessary measures.
- 1.18 **value** preventive health services, **offer** primary prevention (*i.e. prevention of diseases for the protection of health*), secondary prevention (*i.e. early diagnosis and treatment*) and tertiary prevention (*i.e. rehabilitation*) services, and **provide** consultancy on these issues.

1.19 **provide** life-style consultancy and design services to sustain and improve individual and community health.

2) manage primary health care services.

2.1 **manage** health care team in primary health care organization.

2.2. **lead** community with sense of responsibility, good behavior and manners in consideration of individual behaviors and social dynamics of community, and if there is a necessity, **develop** projects directed towards health care services.

2.3 **define** health management and economics principles, models for organization and finance of health care services.

2.4 **use** health care resources with cost-effective manners.

3) advocate individual and community health under all circumstances.

3.1. **provide** consultancy services to sustain and promote the health of individual and community.

3.2. **explain** epidemiology of clinical conditions, and **define** measures to reduce frequencies.

3.3. **describe** completely all high risk factors for the community health (*e.g. natural disasters, nuclear accidents, fire, war, bio-terrorism, etc.*), and **implement** necessary measures in order to prevent effects on health.

3.4. **explain** health determinants completely (*e.g. physical environment, social environment, genetic background, individual response -behavior, biology-, health care services, welfare, etc.*), including conditions that prevent access to health care.

4) perform medical practices according to regulatory and ethical principles and in consideration of behavioral sciences, social sciences, and humanities.

4.1 **recognize** determinants affecting individual behaviors and attitudes, and social dynamics.

4.2 **recognize** basic ethical principles completely, and **distinguish** ethical and legal problems.

4.3 **recognize** regulations concerning national and international health systems.

4.4 **employ** safety, security and confidentiality principles completely for beneficiaries of health care services, companions and visitors, and health care workers.

4.5 **use** medical record and information systems according to regulations and ethical principles.

4.6 **value** informed consent taking in the framework of patients' rights, and **employ** fully.

4.7 **interpret** historical, anthropological and philosophical evolution of medicine, health and disease concepts, and **relate** to current medical practice

5) establish correct and effective communication with all stakeholders of health care services and collaborate.

5.1. **communicate** by using problem solving abilities during all of professional life with health care beneficiaries, co-workers, accompanying persons, visitors, patient's relatives, care givers, colleagues, other individuals and organizations.

5.2. **collaborate** with related organizations and institutions, with other professionals and health care workers as a team member through using problem solving abilities.

5.3. **communicate** with all stakeholders with consideration of socio-cultural differences.

6) promote self medical knowledge and skills in view of the current scientific developments throughout own career.

6.1. **adopt** and **implement** the importance of lifelong self-learning.

6.2. **recognize** importance of updating knowledge and skills; **search** current advancements and improve own knowledge and skills.

6.3. **speak** at least one foreign language at advanced level to follow the international literature and communicate with colleagues.

6.4. **recognize** methods to reach current scientific knowledge, and **use** available technology.

6.5. **recognize** principles of evidence-based medicine, and **implement** in health care services.

6.6. **develop** and **present** research projects.

7) manage own postgraduate career.

7.1. **recognize** and **investigate** postgraduate work domains and job opportunities.

7.2. **determine** postgraduate work domains, job opportunities and requirements for application, **distinguish** and **plan** requirements for further training and work experience.

7.3. **prepare** a resume, and **recognize** job interview methods.

7.4. **recognize** health technologies expected to be implemented in near future and emerging work areas.