YEDİTEPE UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF MEDICINE PHASE VI ACADEMIC PROGRAM BOOK 2022 - 2023

Student's	>;	
Name	:	
Nr		

YEDITEPE UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF MEDICINE PHASE VI

CONTENTS	page
AIM AND OUTCOMES OF MEDICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM	1
PHASE VI COORDINATION COMMITTEE	4
FACULTY OF MEDICINE CURRICULUM 2022-2023 PHASE VI	5
DESCRIPTION OF PHASE VI	6
CONTENT OF ACADEMIC YEAR	6
EXECUTIVES OF ACADEMIC YEAR	6
AIM AND OBJECTIVES OF PHASE VI	7
ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2022-2023	8
INTERNSHIP PROGRAMS	9
ACADEMIC SCHEDULE 2022-2023	
STUDENT-CENTRED, SYMPTOM-BASED LEARNING SESSIONS	11
RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS FOR PHASE VI	19
SPECIFIC SESSIONS	20
INDEPENDENT LEARNING	23
INTERNAL MEDICINE	29
CHILD HEALTH and PEDIATRICS	44
OBSTETRICS and GYNECOLOGY	50
GENERAL SURGERY / EMERGENCY MEDICINE	60
EMERGENCY MEDICINE	69
PSYCHIATRY	78
RURAL MEDICINE	85
ELECTIVE	119
STUDENT COUNSELING	
LIST OF STUDENT COUNSELING	121
INTERN PHYSICIAN EVALUATION FORM	123
CONTACT INFORMATION	125

YEDİTEPE UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF MEDICINE *,** AIM AND OUTCOMES OF MEDICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM

*"Consensus Commission Report" based on draft compiled at "Workshop for Revision of Aim and Outcomes of Medical Education Program at Yeditepe University Faculty of Medicine"

**© 2011, Yeditepe University Faculty of Medicine

AIM

The aim of medical education program is to graduate physicians who

- are aware of the local and global health issues
- have acquired competence in knowledge, skills and attitudes to manage and provide primary health care service
- know, apply and care for ethical principles of the medical profession
- keep up with current knowledge at national and international level
- are capable of systematical thinking
- are investigative and questioning
- continually renovate and improve themselves
- are capable of teamwork
- use technology competently in medicine and related areas
- have effective communication skills
- have community leadership qualificati

YEDITEPE UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF MEDICINE PROGRAM OUTCOMES OF MEDICAL EDUCATION *, **

*©2015 Yeditepe Üniversitesi Tıp Fakültesi (Yeditepe University Faculty of Medicine) All Rights Reserved.

**No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without prior permission of Yeditepe University Faculty of Medicine.

Abbreviations: PO: Program Outcomes, POD: Program Outcomes Domain, PODG: Program Outcomes Domain Group

PODG.1. Basic Professional Competencies

POD.1.1. Clinical Competencies

- **PO.1.1.1.** *values* preventive health services, *offers* primary prevention (i.e. prevention of diseases for the protection of health), secondary prevention (i.e. early diagnosis and treatment) tertiary prevention (i.e. rehabilitation) and quaternary prevention (i.e. prevention of excessive and unnecessary diagnosis and treatment) services, *provides* consultancy on these issues.
- **PO.1.1.2.** *employs* a patient-centered approach in patient management.
- **PO.1.1.3.** *recognizes* most frequently occurring or significant clinical complaints, symptoms, signs, findings and their emergence mechanisms in clinical conditions.
- PO.1.1.4. takes medical history from the applicant himself/herself or from the individual's companions.
- **PO.1.1.5.** *does* general and focused physical and mental examination.
- **PO.1.1.6.** *interprets* findings in medical history, physical and mental examination.
- **PO.1.1.7.** *employs* diagnostic procedures that are used frequently at the primary health care level.
- **PO.1.1.8.** *selects* tests that have evidence-based high efficacy at the primary health care level and *interprets* results.
- PO.1.1.9. makes clinical decisions using evidence-based systematic data in health care service.
- **PO.1.1.10.** *performs* medical interventional procedures that are used frequently at the primary health care level.
- **PO.1.1.11.** *manages* healthy individuals and patients in the context of health care services.
- PO.1.1.12. keeps medical records in health care provision and uses information systems to that aim.

POD.1.2. Competencies Related to Communication

- **PO.1.2.1.** throughout his/her career, *communicates* effectively with health care beneficiaries, coworkers, accompanying persons, visitors, patient's relatives, care givers, colleagues, other individuals, organizations and institutions.
- **PO.1.2.2.** *collaborates* as a team member with related organizations and institutions, with other professionals and health care workers, on issues related to health.
- **PO.1.2.3.** *recognizes* the protection and privacy policy for health care beneficiaries, co-workers, accompanying persons and visitors.
- PO.1.2.4. communicates with all stakeholders taking into consideration the socio-cultural diversity.

POD.1.3. Competencies Related to Leadership and Management

- **PO.1.3.1.** *manages* and *leads* within the health care team in primary health care organization.
- **PO.1.3.2.** *recognizes* the principles of health management and health sector economy, models of organization and financing of health care services.
- **PO.1.3.3.** recognizes the resources in the health care service, the principles for cost-effective use.

POD.1.4. Competencies Related to Health Advocacy

- **PO.1.4.1.** *recognizes* the health status of the individual and the community and the factors affecting the health, *implements* the necessary measures to prevent effects of these factors on the health.
- **PO.1.4.2.** *recognizes* and *manages* the health determinants including conditions that prevent access to health care.

POD.1.5. Competencies Related to Research

PO.1.5.1. develops, prepares and presents research projects

POD.1.6. Competencies Related to Health Education and Counseling

PO.1.6.1. *provides* consultancy services and *organizes* health education for the community to sustain and promote the health of individual and community.

PODG.2. Professional Values and Perspectives

POD.2.1. Competencies Related to Law and Legal Regulations

PO.2.1.1. *performs* medical practices in accordance with the legal framework which regulates the primary health care service.

POD.2.2. Competencies Related to Ethical Aspects of Medicine

- **PO.2.2.1.** *recognizes* basic ethical principles completely, and *distinguishes* ethical and legal problems.
- **PO.2.2.2.** *pays importance to* the rights of patient, patient's relatives and physicians, and *provides* services in this context.

POD.2.3. Competencies Related to Social and Behavioral Sciences

- **PO.2.3.1.** *relates* historical, anthropological and philosophical evolution of medicine, with the current medical practice.
- **PO.2.3.2.** *recognizes* the individual's behavior and attitudes and factors that determine the social dynamics of the community.

POD.2.4. Competencies Related to Social Awareness and Participation

PO.2.4.1. *leads* community with sense of responsibility, behavior and attitudes in consideration of individual behaviors and social dynamics of the community, and if there is a necessity, *develops* projects directed towards health care services.

POD.2.5. Competencies Related to Professional Attitudes and Behaviors

- **PO.2.5.1.** *displays* a patient-centered and holistic (biopsychosocial) approach to patients and their problems.
- PO.2.5.2. respects patients, colleagues and all stakeholders in health care delivery.
- **PO.2.5.3.** *displays* the proper behavior in case of disadvantaged groups and situations in the community.
- PO.2.5.4. takes responsibility for the development of patient safety and healthcare quality.
- PO.2.5.6. evaluates own performance as open to criticism, realizes the qualifications and limitations.

PODG.3. Personal Development and Values

POD.3.1.Competencies Related to Lifelong Learning

- **PO.3.1.1.** *embraces* the importance of lifelong self-learning and *implements*.
- **PO.3.1.2.** *embraces* the importance of updating knowledge and skills; *searches* current advancements and *improves* own knowledge and skills.
- **PO.3.1.3.** *uses* English language at least at a level adequate to follow the international literature and to establish communication related to the profession.

POD.3.2. Competencies Related to Career Management

- PO.3.2.1. recognizes and investigates postgraduate work domains and job opportunities.
- **PO.3.2.2.** *recognizes* the application requirements to postgraduate work/job domains, and *distinguishes* and *plans* any requirement for further training and work experience.
- **PO.3.2.3.** *prepares* a resume, and *recognizes* job interview methods.

POD.3.3. Competencies Related to Protection and Development of Own Physical and Mental Health

- **PO.3.3.1.** *implements* the rules of healthy living.
- PO.3.3.2. *displays* appropriate behavior specific to work under stressful conditions.
- PO.3.3.3. uses self-motivation factors.

PHASE VI COORDINATION COMMITTEE (TEACHING YEAR 2021 – 2022)

Berfu Naz AKBAŞ, MD. Assoc. Prof. (Cooordinator)

Yaşar KÜÇÜKARDALI, MD. Prof. (Co-coordinator)

Rukset ATTAR, MD. Prof. (Co-coordinator)

Servet Karagül MD. Assoc. Prof. (Co-coordinator)

M.Ferudun Çelikmen, MD. Assist. Prof. (Co-coordinator)

FACULTY OF MEDICINE CURRICULUM 2022-2023 PHASE VI

CODE	SIXTH YEAR	w	т	Α	L	Y	E
601	Child Health and Pediatrics	9					10
602	General Surgery/Emergency Medicine	8					10
603	Internal Medicine	9					10
604	Obstetrics and Gynecology	9					10
605	Rural Medicine	9					10
XXX	Area Elective Course ³	4					5
607	Psychiatry	4					5
Total Cr	edits						60

The curriculum applies to 2022-2023 educational term. The duration of educational term for each year is shown in the table as total number of weeks. ECTS credits are the university credits of the courses in Yeditepe University Faculty of Medicine Undergraduate Medical Education Program. 1 ECTS=30 hours of workload including independent study hours per average student. GPA and cGPA calculations are based on ECTS credits.

³Area Elective Courses. Only one of the provided courses can be elected in the sixth educational year. MED 650 Emergency Medicine, MED 651 Internal Medicine, MED 652 Child Health And Pediatrics, MED 653 Obstetrics and Gynecology, MED 654 General Surgery, MED 655 Cardiology, MED 656 Cardiovascular Surgery, MED 657 Clinic Ethics, MED 658 Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, MED 659 Public Health, MED 660 Thoracic Surgery, MED 661 Orthopedics and Traumatology, MED 662 Ophthalmology, MED 663 Dermatology, MED 664 Otorhinolaryngology, MED 665 Neurology, MED 666 Neurosurgery, MED 667 Urology, MED 668 Anesthesiology and Reanimation, MED 669 Pediatric Surgery, MED 670 Psychiatry, MED 671 Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, MED 672 Radiation Oncology, MED 673 Clinical Pharmacology, MED 674 Infectious Diseases & Clinical Microbiology, MED 675 Radiology, MED 676 Nuclear Medicine, MED 677 Forensic Medicine, MED 678 Child Psychiatry, MED 679 Medical Genetics, MED 680 Medical Microbiology, MED 681 Pathology, MED 682 Medical Biochemistry.

T: Theoretical, A: Application, L: Laboratory, Y: Yeditepe University Credit, E: ECTS Credit	Minimum Degree Requirements	
NC: Non-Credit Course, FS: Fall Semester, SS: Spring Semester, W: Weeks.	ECTS	360
Approval Date:	Number of courses	53

^{*} Please see https://med.yeditepe.edu.tr/tr/mezuniyet-oncesi-tip-egitimi for more information.

DESCRIPTION OF PHASE VI

"Internship"; "performance under supervision", "graduate equivalent competency performance/achievement"

CONTENT OF ACADEMIC YEAR

Internship Programs

EXECUTIVES OF ACADEMIC YEAR

Internal Medicine

Child Health and Pediatrics

Obstetrics and Gynecology

General Surgery / Emergency Medicine

Psychiatry

Public Health, Family Medicine

Elective

AIM AND OBJECTIVES OF PHASE VI

The characteristic of the Phase VI Program is its nature as a preparation period covering the entire medical faculty goals and objectives. The aim of the Phase VI Program is to improve skills before medical licensing and under the condition of supervision such as clinical problem solving, evidence based approach in a framework of professional ethical principles and rules, as well as basic medical knowledge and skills.

At the end of this phase the student should be able to,

KNOWLEDGE

 determine medical problems accurately and develop solutions using his/her general medical knowledge

SKILLS

- obtain comprehensive medical history from the patient
- perform comprehensive physical examination
- prepare a seminar in accordance with the evidence based medicine principles and using the current scientific data
- use the presentation skills effectively
- evaluate scientific texts
- design scientific studies which can be conducted in primary care circumstances
- conduct scientific studies which can be carried out in primary care circumstances
- choose appropriate laboratory tests and imaging methods according to clinical condition and appropriate to primary care level
- develop laboratory results report
- interpret the results of the laboratory tests and imaging methods

ATTITUDE

- show effective communication skills in patient doctor relations
- show an attitude respectful to ethical principles
- adopt team work mentality in his/her relations with colleagues and other health staff
- show motivation and interest in profession

ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2022-2023

July 1, 2022, Friday	Beginning of Phase VI
July 1,2022, Friday 08.30-09.00	Introduction of Phase VI
July 08, 2022 (Friday, ½ day) July 09-12,2022 (Saturday-Tuesday)	Religious Holiday
July 15, 2022 (Friday)	Democrasy and national day
August 30, 2022 (Tuesday)	National Holiday
October 20, 2022 (Thursday)	Coordination commitee meeting
October 28, 2022 (Friday, ½ day) October 29, 2022 (Saturday)	Republic Day National Holiday
November 10, 2022 (Thursday 09:00-12:00)	Commemaration of Atatürk
January 1, 2023 (Sunday)	New year
January 10, 2023 (Sunday)	Coordination commitee meeting (with student participation)
March 14, 2023 (Tuesday)	Physicians' Day
April 20, 2023 (Thursday, ½ day) April 21-23, 2023 (Friday-Sunday)	Ramadan Feast Holiday
April 23, 2023 (Sunday)	National Holiday
May1, 2023 (Monday)	Labor's day
May 19 2023 (Friday)	National Holiday
May 23, 2023 (Tuesday)	Coordination commitee meeting (with student participation)
June 27, 2023 (Wednesday, ½ day)	
June 28- July 1, 2023	Religious Holiday
June 30 , 2023, (Friday)	End of Phase
July 11, 2023 (Tuesday)	Coordination commitee meeting

INTERNSHIP PROGRAMS

INTERNAL MEDICINE	(2 months)
CHILD HEALTH AND PEDIATRICS	(2 months
OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY	(2 months
GENERAL SURGERY / EMERGENCY MEDICINE	(2 months
RURAL MEDICINE	(2 months
PSYCHIATRY	(1 month)
ELECTIVE	(1 month)

ACADEMIC SCHEDULE 2022-2023

		, (O, (D = 1011	C SCHEDULL	1011 1010				
2022-2023	GROUP 1	GROUP 2	GROUP 3	GROUP 4	GROUP 5	GROUP 6		
01.07. 2022 - 31.07.2022	Internal Medicine	General Surgery /	Obstetrics and Gynecology	Child Health and Pediatrics	Rural Medicine	Psychiatry (Y.Ü.H.)		
01.08.2022- 31.08.2022	(Y.Ü.H.)	Emergency Medicine (Y.Ü.H.)	(Y.Ü.H.) (S.E.A.H)	(Y.Ü.H.)	Trafa Wedicine	Elective		
13.7.2022 27.7.2022 10.8.2022 24.8.2022 14.9.2022 28.9.2022	27.7.2022 27.7.2022 10.8.2022 24.8.2022 14.9.2022 Symptom Based learning session							
01.09. 2022 - 30.09.2022	Psychiatry (Y.Ü.H.)	Internal Medicine	General Surgery /	Obstetrics and Gynecology	Child Health and Pediatrics	Rural Medicine		
01.10. 2022 - 31.10.2022	Elective	(Y.Ü.H.)	Emergency Medicine (Y.Ü.H.)	(Y.Ü.H.) (S.E.A.H)	(Y.Ü.H.)	Rufai Medicine		
01.11.2022- 30.11.2022	Rural	Psychiatry (Y.Ü.H.)	(Y.Ü.H.) Internal		Obstetrics and Gynecology (Y.Ü.H.)	Child Health and Pediatrics		
01.12. 2022 - 31.12.2022	Medicine	Elective	(Y.Ü.H.)	Medicine (Y.Ü.H.) Emergency Medicine (Y.Ü.H.)		(Y.Ü.H.)		
01.01.2023- 31.01.2023	Child Health and	Rural	Psychiatry (Y.Ü.H.)	Internal Madiaina	General Surgery /	Obstetrics and Gynecology		
01.02.2023- 28.02.2023	Pediatrics (Y.Ü.H.)	Medicine	Medicine (Y.Ü.H.)		Emergency Medicine (Y.Ü.H.)	(Y.Ü.H.) (S.E.A.H)		
01.03.2023- 31.03.2023	Obstetrics and	Child Health and	Psychiatry (Y.Ü.H.) Internal		General Surgery /			
01.04.2023- 30.04.2023	Gynecology (Y.Ü.H.) (S.E.A.H)	Pediatrics (Y.Ü.H.)	Medicine	Elective	Medicine (Y.Ü.H.)	Emergency Medicine (Y.Ü.H.)		
01.05.2023- 31.05.2023	General Surgery /	Obstetrics and	Child Health	Durol Madiain	Psychiatry (Y.Ü.H.)	Internal		
01.06.2023- 30.06.2023	Emergency Medicine (Y.Ü.H.)	Gynecology (Y.Ü.H.) (S.E.A.H)	and Pediatrics (Y.Ü.H.)		Elective	Medicine (Y.Ü.H.)		

 ${f S.E.A.H:}$ SANCAKTEPE ŞEHİT PROF. DR. İLHAN VARANK TRAINING AND RESEARCH HOSPITAL ${f Y. \ddot{U}.H:}$ YEDİTEPE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL

STUDENT-CENTRED, SYMPTOM-BASED LEARNING SESSIONS

The main aim of these sessions is to practice an approach to differential diagnosis in a multidiscplinary manner.

In each sessions a series of real cases presenting with the same symptom (usually 6-7 different cases for each symptom) will be discussed. The cases to be presented in each sessions will be from different departments (Internal Medicine, Surgery, Pediatrics, Obstetrics/Gynecology and others). Thus, the students will be able to see all possible causes/mechanisms for the related symptom in a multidisciplinary format.

The students are expected to find and present cases according to the yearly schedule. Each student will have to prepare and present at least one case during the whole course of the annual programme.

Students are expected to present the case with all relevant data, diagnostic tests, procedures and differential diagnosis. The students will be encouraged to see, take histores from, examine the patients and review the hospital files in preparation of the cases. The management/treatment of the cases will also be presented and discussed, although the main focus will be on differential diagnosis.

Each session will run for 3 hours (9.00-12.00) on the 4th Wednesday of each month .

intorns will connect and present their cases via the meet classes. The links will be sent by the coordinators previously the session. This education program will continue with intern classroom which was created as google classroom.

Each case will be presented and discussed in 20 minutes. The sesion will be concluded by a general discussion by participation of all students and faculty membrs from related departments.

Coordinator: Yaşar Küçükardalı, MD, Prof.

THE SCHEDULE

SYMPTOM/SIGN/SITUATION	TIME	DISEASES	DEPARTMENT	FACULTY MEMBER
	09.00- 09.05	Introduction		Asist.Prof.Dr Cem Simsek
	09.05- 09.25	Sentral nerveus system infection	Emergency Department	Asist.Prof.Dr Cem Simsek
	09.25- 09.45	Hypoglycemia	Emergency Department	Asist.Prof.Dr Cem Simsek
	09.45- 10.05	Metabolic encephalopathie (Hepatic failure)	Emergency Department	Asist.Prof.Dr Cem Simsek
Change in consciousness	10.05- 10.25	Hypercapnic respiratory failure	Emergency Department	Asist.Prof.Dr Cem Simsek
13 July, 2022 09.00-12.00	10.25- 10.45	Coffee break		
	10.45- 11.05	Intoxication	Emergency Department	Asist.Prof.Dr Cem Simsek
	11.05- 11.25	Serebrovasculary event	Emergency Department	Asist.Prof.Dr Cem Simsek
	11-25 11.45	Sepsis	Emergency Department	Asist.Prof.Dr Cem Simsek
	11.45- 12.05	Discussion		
	13.30- 13.35	Introduction		Assoc.Prof.Dr Süleyman Orman
	13.35- 13.55	Acute appendicitis	General surgery	Assoc.Prof.Dr Süleyman Orman
	13.55- 14.15	Acute Colesystitis	General surgery	Assoc.Prof.Dr Süleyman Orman
	14.15- 14.35	Acute Pancreatitis	Gastroenterology	Assoc.Prof.Dr Emine Köroğlu
Acute Abdomen	14.35- 14.55	Acute diverticulitis	Internal Medicine	Asist. Prof. Dr M.Akif Öztürk
13 July 2022	14.55- 15.15	Coffee Break		
13.30- 16.35	15.15- 15.35	Ileus	General surgery	Assoc.Prof.Dr Kinyas Kartal
	15.35- 15.55	Familial mediteranian fever	Internal Medicine	ProfDr. Yaşar Küçükardalı
	15.55- 16.15	Rupture of ovarian cyst	Gynecology	Prof.Dr Rukset Attar
	16.15- 16.35	Discussion		
	09.00- 09.05	Introduction		Prof. Dr. Rukset Attar
	09.05- 09.25	Ectopic pregnancy	Gynecology	Prof. Dr. Rukset Attar
	09.25- 09.45	Preeclampsi / Eclampsia	Gynecology	Assoc Prof. Dr Tanju Demirören
Obstetric Emercencies 27 July 2022	09.45- 10.05	Post partum bleedind	Gynecology	Prof Dr Orhan Ünal
09.00-12.00	10.05- 10.25	Uterin Rupture	Gynecology	Prof Dr Gazi Yıldırım
	10.25- 10.45	Coffee Break		
	10.45- 11.05	Abortus	Gynecology	Assoc.Prof Mert Yeşiladalı
	11.05- 11.25	Fatty Liver in Pregnant Women	Gastroenterology	Assoc Prof.Emine Köroğlu

	11-25 11.45	Endocrynologic emergencies in Pregnant women	Endocriynology	Assoc Prof. Özlem Haliloğlu
	11.45- 12.05	Discussion		
	13.30- 13.35	Introduction		Prof. Dr. Yaşar Küçükardalı
	13.35- 13.55	Sepsis	Internal Medicine	Prof Dr Yaşar Küçükardalı
	13.55- 14.15	Acute Pyelonephritis	Internal Medicine	Prof Dr Yaşar Küçükardalı
	14.15- 14.35	Pnömoni	Internel Medicine	Prof Dr Yaşar Küçükardalı
Fever (child, adult)	14.35- 14.55	Temporal Arterit	Internal medicine	Prof Dr Yaşar Küçükardalı
27 July 2022 13.30-16.35	14.55- 15.15	Coffee Break		
	15.15- 15.35	Upper Respiratory system infections	Pediatry	Dr . Bilge Atlı
	15.35- 15.55	Lower Respiratory system infections	Pediatry	Dr . Bilge Atlı
	15.55- 16.15	Kawasaki Diseases	Pediatry	Dr . Bilge Atlı
	16.15- 16.35	Discussion		
	09.00- 09.05	Introduction		Assoc.Prof.Dr Emine Köroğlu
	09.05- 09.25	Peptic ulcus	Gastroenterology	Assoc.Prof.Dr Emine Köroğlu
	09.25- 09.45	Diverticulary bleeding	Gastroenterology	Assoc.Prof.Dr Emine Köroğlu
	09.45- 10.05	Angiodisplasia	Gastroenterology	Assoc.Prof.Dr Emine Köroğlu
GIS bleeding 10 August	10.05- 10.25	Eozinophilic proctocolitis	Ped. Gastroenterology	Prof.Dr Meltem Uğraş
09.00-12.00	10.25- 10.45	Coffee Break		
	10.45- 11.05	Gastric Malignancy	Gastroenterology	Prof.Dr.Meltem Ergün
	11.05- 11.25	Varriseal bleeding	Gastroenterology	Prof.Dr.Meltem Ergün
	11-25 11.45	Colon carcinoma	Gastroenterology	Prof.Dr.Meltem Ergün
	11.45- 12.05	Discussion		
	13.30- 13.35	Introduction		Assoc.Prof.Dr Serhat Tuncer
	13.35- 13.55	Suicide	Psychiatry department	Assoc.Prof.Dr Serhat Tuncer
Physchiatric Emercencies 10 August 2022 13.30-17.05	13.55- 14.15	Substance Intoxication	Psychiatry department	Assoc.Prof.Dr Serhat Tuncer
	14.15- 14.35	Delirium	Psychiatry department	Prof.Dr Berfu Naz
	14.35- 14.55	Panic Attack	Psychiatry department	Prof.Dr Berfu Naz
	14.55- 15.15	Coffee Break		
	15.15- 15.35	Manic attack	Psychiatry department	Prof.Dr Hakan Atalay
	15.35- 15.55	Grief Reaction	Psychiatry department	Prof.Dr Okan Taycan

	15.55-	Give Bad News	Psychiatry	Prof.Dr Okan
	16.15 16.15-	Discussion	department	Taycan
	16.35	Discussion Management of		
Palliative Medicine 10 August 2022 16.35-17.05	16.35- 16.50	Manegement of Sedation	Internal Medicine	Prof.Dr.Yaşar Küçükardalı
	16.50- 17.05	Prophylactic Treatments	Internal Medicine	Prof.Dr.Yaşar Küçükardalı
	09.00- 09.05	Introduction		Prof.Dr.Yaşar Küçükardalı
	09.05- 09.25	Esential Hypertansion	Internal Medicine	Prof.Dr Yaşar Küçükardalı
	09.25- 09.45 09.45-	Hyperaldosteronizm	Internal Medicine	Assoc.Prof Özlem Haliloğlu Assoc.Prof Özlem
	10.05	Feokromasitoma	Internal Medicine	Haliloğlu
Hypertension	10.05- 10.25	Renal artery stenosis	Internal Medicine	Prof.Dr Gülçin Kantarcı
(child, adult)	10.25- 10.45	Coffee Break		
24 August 2022 09.00-12.05	10.45- 11.05	Primary hypertension	Pediatry	Prof.Dr. Ruhan Düşünsel
	11.05- 11.25	Renal Parancymal diseases related hypertension	Pediatry	Prof.Dr. Ruhan Düşünsel
	11-25 11.45	Renovascular Hypertension	Pediatry	Prof.Dr. Ruhan Düşünsel
	11.45- 12.05	Discussion		
Palliative Medicine 24.August 2022 12.05-12.35	12.05- 12.20	Management of comorbidities (Charlston risk index)	Internal Medicine	Asist.Prof.Dr M.Akif Öztürk
	12.20- 12.35	Management Constipation	Internal Medicine	Asist.Prof.Dr M.Akif Öztürk
	13.30- 13.35	Introduction		Prof.Dr Yaşar Küçükardalı
	13.35- 13.55	İrritabl bowel syndrome	Internal Medicine	Prof.Dr Yaşar Küçükardalı
	13.55- 14.15	İnflamatuar bowel diseases	Gastroenterology	Prof.Dr Meltem Ergün
	14.15- 14.35	Salmonellosis	Infectious Diseases	Asist Prof.Dr Sibel Bolukçu
Diarrea (child, adult)	14.35- 14.55	Cl.Difficile Infections	Gastroenterology	Assoc.Prpf.Dr Emine Köroğlu
24 August 2022 13.30-16.35	14.55- 15.15	Coffee Break		
	15.15- 15.35	Rota virus associated	Pediatry	Asist.Prof.Dr Endi Romano
	15.35- 15.55	Giardiasis associated	Pediatry	Asist.Prof.Dr Endi Romano
	15.55- 16.15	Toddlers Diarrea	Pediatry	Asist.Prof.Dr Endi Romano
	16.15- 16.35	Discussion		

Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment	16.35- 16.50	İmmunoprofilaxi of elderly population	Internal Medicine	Prof.Dr.Yaşar Küçükardalı
24 August 2022	16.50- 17.05	Vertigo in elderly patients	Internal Medicine	Prof.Dr.Yaşar Küçükardalı
	09.00- 09.05 09.05- 09.25	Introduction Pulmonary emboli	Pulmonology	Prof.Dr.Banu Salepçi
	09.25- 09.45	Chronic obstructive Lung Diseases	Pulmonology	Prof.Dr.Banu Salepçi
	09.45- 10.05	Pnemonia	Pulmonology	Prof.Dr.Banu Salepçi
Dispnea 14 Sept 2022	10.05- 10.25	Asthma bronciale	Pulmonology	Prof.Dr.Banu Salepçi
09.00-12.00	10.25- 10.45	Coffee Break		
	10.45- 11.05	Pneumothrax	Pulmonology	Prof.Dr.Banu Salepçi
	11.05- 11.25	Pulmonary edema	Cardiology	Dr. Ferit Onur Mutluer
	11-25 11.45	ARDS	Intensive care	Prof.Dr Yaşar Küçükardalı
	11.45- 12.05	Discussion		
Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment 14 Sept 2022	12.05- 12.20	Atipical presentation of common disorders in elderly patients	Internal Medicine	Asist.Prof.Dr M.Akif Öztürk
	12.20- 12.35	Evaluation of vision and hearing in the elderly	Internal Medicine	Asist.Prof.Dr M.Akif Öztürk
	13.30- 13.35	Introduction		Doç.Dr Özlem Haliloğlu
	13.35- 13.55	Prediabetic patient	Endocrinology	Assoc.Prof.Özlem Haliloğlu
	13.55- 14.15	New diagnosed Type II Diabetic patient	Endocrinology	Assoc.Prof.Özlem Haliloğlu
	14.15- 14.35	Type 2 diabetic patient which oral therapy is insufficient	Endocrinology	Assoc.Prof.Özlem Haliloğlu
Diabetes (child,adult) 14 Sept 2022 13.30-16.35	14.35- 14.55	Gestasionel Diabetic patient	Endocrinology	Assoc.Prof.Özlem Haliloğlu
13.30-10.33	14.55- 15.15	Coffee Break		
	15.15- 15.35	Patient with diabetic ketoasidosis	Endocrinology	Assoc.Prof.Özlem Haliloğlu
	15.35- 15.55	Pediatric diabetic ketoasidosis	Pediatry	Assoc.Prof.Dr Elif Sağsak
	15.55- 16.15	Type I Diabetes mellitus	Pediatry	Assoc.Prof.Dr Elif Sağsak
	16.15- 16.35			
Convulsions	09.00- 09.05	Introduction		
28 Sept 2022 09.00-12.00	09.05- 09.25	Juvenil Myoclonic epilepsi	Neurology	Assoc.Prof.Dr Emin Özcan

	09.25- 09.45	Brain Tumor (sec)	Neurology	Assoc.Prof.Dr Emin Özcan
	09.45- 10.05	Head Trauma (sec)	Neurology	Assoc.Prof.Dr Emin Özcan
	10.05- 10.25	Santral nerveus system infections	Neurology	Assoc.Prof.Dr Emin Özcan
	10.25- 10.45	Coffee Break		
	10.45- 11.05	Demyelisane diseases	Neurology	Assoc.Prof.Dr Emin Özcan
	11.05- 11.25	Drug induced (velbutrin)	Neurology	Assoc.Prof.Dr Emin Özcan
	11-25 11.45	Hipoglicemia	Internal Medicine	Asist.Prof.Dr. Mehmet Akif Öztürk
	11.45- 12.05	Discussion	Neurology	
	13.30- 13.35	Introduction		
	13.35- 13.55	Miyocardial infarction	Cardiology	Dr. Ferit Onur Mutluer
	13.55- 14.15	Aort dissection	Cardiology	Dr. Ferit Onur Mutluer
Chest pain, Palpitation	14.15- 14.35	Diffuse esophagial spasm	Gastroenterology	Assoc.Prof.Dr Emine Köroğlu
28 Sept 2022	14.35- 14.55	Reflux diseases	Gastroenterology	Assoc.Prof.Dr Emine Köroğlu
13.30-16.35	14.55- 15.15	Coffee Break		
	15.15- 15.35	Pnemothrox	Pulmonology	Prof.Dr.Banu Salepçi
	15.35- 15.55	Pulmonary embolism	Pulmonology	Prof.Dr.Banu Salepçi
	15.55- 16.15	Tiets syndrome	Rheumotology	Prof.Dr.Müge Bıçakçıgil Kalaycı
	16.15- 16.35	Discussion		

SYMPTOM-BASED LEARNING SESSIONS

Learning Objectives

At the end of each sessioneach intern doctor will be able to;

	ioneach intern doctor will be able to,
	Describe the Change in consciouences
	Describe the Change in consciousness Describe initial symptomatology of patient
	Describe physical findings
	Describe gold standart and other diagnostic methods
Change in	Explain X Ray and CT findings
consciousness	Interpret Lab abnormalities
CONSCIOUSNESS	Explain risk factors
	Explain therapeutic aproachment in relation with severity of the
	diseases
	Define indications for admission to the hospital
	Describe dyspepsia
	Evaluate the symptoms and physical examination findings
	Explain causes of dyspepsia
	Plan to work up
	Explain lab abnormality
	Explain target of treatment
Dispepsia	Define chronic conditions
	Define surgery indications
	Define how to screen end organ damage
	Define emergency and urgency conditions
	To define non pharmacological treatment options
	Distinguish when to refer the patient to a specialist
	Define Limitation of joint motion
	Explain physical examinations of patients with ROM
	List the Causes of ROM
Limitation of joint	Describe how to take the history of a patient with ROM
motion (ROM)	Interpret the physical examination signs in a patient with ROM
THOUGH (KOWI)	Explain differential diagnosis to the etiology of ROM
	Choose necessary follow-up tests
	Manage the ROM emergencies
	Evaluate in which patients with ROM are required to refer specialist
	Define fatique
	Explain the causes of fatigue
	Make differential diagnosis
Fatique	Interpret diagnostic studies and tests
	Explain the first medical intervention in life-threatening fatique
	Refer the patient in time to a specialist
	Recognize and take precaution in cases that require emergency
	treatment
	List the causes of Upper gastrointestinal system bleeding
	Choose etiology oriented tests that should be performed
	Evaluate when to ask for further scanning (gastroscopy,
Upper	kolonoscopy X-ray, CT, MR) Discriminate the cases in which history taking is enough
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
gastrointestinal system bleeding	Interpret the Pain Scale Diagnosis and recognizes the life-threatening GIS bleeding
ayatem bidduing	Explain the treatment options for GIS bleeding
	After the first assessment differentiate the patient who needs to be
	referred to a specialist for further investigation (Surgery,
	gastroenterology
	Define Anorexia
	Explain the causes of anorexia
Anorexia	Define differential diagnosis
	List diagnostic studies and tests
	List diagnostic studies and tests

	Can make symptomatic and avidence based treatment of		
	puriritis Refer the patient to a specialist when necessary		
	Define criterias of constipation Describe physical examination of constipated patient		
	Explain causes of Constipatio		
	Make differential diagnosis		
Constipation	Perform and interpret the case –oriented tests		
·	Interpret a Chest X-ray		
	Interpret a lab abnormalities		
	Explain priorities of an emergency treatment		
	Decide when to refer a patient to a specialist		
	Define Hemoragic diathesis		
	Describe physical examination of Hemoragic diathesis		
	List diseases with present Hemoragic diathesis		
Hemoragic diathesis	Make differential diagnosis		
	List diagnostic tests		
	Evaluate findings of the X Ray examinations		
	Refer a patient to a specialist Define criterias of Dispnea		
	Define criterias of Dispnea Explain the causes of Dispnea		
	Make differential diagnosis		
	Perform diagnostic studies and tests		
	Recognize and manage life-threatening Dispnea		
Dispnea	Interpret an ECG		
	Perform risk analysis of Dispnea		
	Recognize and takes precaution in cases that require emergency		
	treatment		
	Refer a patient to a specialist in time		
	Define Splenomegaly		
	Explain the causes of Splenomegaly		
	Make differential diagnosis		
Splenomegaly	Perform the diagnostic tests and screenings		
Spremergally	Recognize the life-threatening Splenomegaly		
	Ask for a surgery consultation in time		
	Recognize and take precaution of the cases that require emergency		
	treatment Pofine evanesis		
	Define cyanosis Explain the causes of cyanosis		
	Make differential diagnosis		
Cyasosis	Evaluate the diagnostic tests and screenings		
3,400010	Explain the first intervention in a life-threatening cyanosis		
	Define a specific consultation in time		
	Assess the physical examination of a patient		
	Define Chest pain		
	Distinguish Types of Chest pain		
	Explain causes of Chest pain		
	Make differential diagnosis		
Chest pain	Perform diagnostic studies and tests		
	Explain the first medical intervention in life-threatening Chest pain		
	Refer the patient in time to a specialist		
	Recognize and take precaution in cases that require emergency		
	treatment		

RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS FOR PHASE VI

NO	DEPARTMENT	TEXTBOOK/ SOURCE	EDITOR	PUBLISHER / ACCESS		
		Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine				
		Semiyoloji	Yaşar Küçükardalı, MD, Prof.	2013 Nobel Tıp Kitabevleri		
1	INTERNAL MEDICINE	www.uptodate.com		University Knowledge Center		
		www.accessmedicine.com		University Knowledge Center		
2		Nelson Textbook of Pediatrics	5			
3		Temel Pediatri				
4	PEDIATRICS	www.uptodate.com		University Knowledge Center		
5		www.accessmedicine.com		University Knowledge Center		
	Schwartz's Principles of Surgery, 10th edition					
6	GENERAL SURGERY AND EMERGENCY	Sabiston Textbook of Surgery edition	y: The Biological Basis of Moder	n Surgical Practice, 19th		
	MEDICINE	Tintinalli's Emergency Medicine: A Comprehensive Study Guide, 8th Edition Rosen's Emergency Medicine: Concepts and Clinical Practice, 9th Edition www.uptodate.com www.clinicalkey.com				
7	OBSTETRICS & GYNECOLOGY	Current Obstetrics and Gynecology, Elsevier Publishing 2015				

SPECIFIC SESSIONS Introductory Session

Aim of the Session:

The session provides basic information about the educational phase relevant to the students. This session orients the students to the phase.

Objectives of the Session:

- 1. To provide basic information about the phase.
- 2. To provide essential information on social programs and facilities.

Rules of the Session:

- 1. The session will be held in two types, conducted by Phase Coordinator and Internship Coordinators, respectively.
- 2. The first type will be held once in the first week of the educational phase. The second type will be held at the beginning of each internship.
- 3. Students should attend the session.

Implementation of the Session:

In the first type, Phase Coordinator will present brief information on the following topics:

- · Work Descriptions and Introduction of Internship Members,
- YUFM/UG-ME Program Outcomes
- · Learning Objectives of the Phase
- Academic Program of the Phase
- Teaching and Learning Methods
- Learning Environments and Sources/Resources
- Attendance
- Assessment Criteria
- Pass/Fail Conditions
- Feedback of the Previous Years and Program Improvements
- Social Programs and Facilities

In the second type, Internship Coordinator will present brief information on the following topics:

- · Learning Objectives of the Internship
- Academic Program of the Internship
- Teaching and Learning Methods
- · Learning Environments and Sources/Resources, References
- Attendance
- Assessment Criteria
- Pass/Fail Conditions
- Feedback of the Previous Years and Program Improvements
- · Social Programs and Facilities

Program Evaluation Session

Aim of the Session:

The aim of the session is to evaluate the internship educational program, with all its components, by the students and the internship coordinators. This session will contribute to the improvement of the curriculum in general by giving the opportunity to identify the strengths of the internship educational program and revealing the areas which need improvement.

Objectives of the Program Evaluation Session are to;

- establish a platform for oral feedbacks in addition to the systematically written feedback forms
- give the opportunity to the students and the coordinators to discuss the intership period face to face

Rules of the Program Evaluation Session:

- 1. The program evaluation session will be held on the last day of each internship program.
- 2. Students are required to attend the session.
- 3. The Internship coordinator will lead the session.
- 4. Students must comply with the feedback rules when they are giving verbal feedback and all participants shall abide by rules of professional ethics.

Program Improvement Session

Aim:

The aim of this session is sharing the program improvements based on the evaluation of the educational program data, with the students and the faculty members.

Objectives:

- 1. To share the improvements within educational program with the students and the faculty members.
- 2. To inform the students and the faculty members about the processes of the program improvement
- 3. To encourage student participation in the program improvement processes.

Rules:

- 1. Program improvements session will be implemented once a year. The implementation will be performed at the beginning of the spring semester.
- 2. Students are required to attend the session.
- 3. The phase coordinator will monitor the session. If necessary the dean, vice deans and heads of the educational boards will attend to the session.
- 4. All faculty members involved to the internship program will be invited to the session.

Implementation:

Before the Session

- 1. Phase coordinator will report the results of the improvements of the educational program.
- 2. The program improvements report has three parts. The first part of the report includes improvements that have been completed, and those that are currently in progress. The second part of the report includes, improvements that are planned in medium term, and the third part of the report includes, improvements that are planned in the long term.
- 3. The program improvements report also includes the program evaluation data (student feedbacks, faculty feedbacks, results of the educational boards meetings etc.) in use of improvements.

During the Session

- 4. The phase coordinator will present the program improvements report to the students and the faculty members.
- 5. Students can ask questions about, and discuss, the results of the program improvement.

Process

The total period of session is 30 minutes and has two parts. The first part (15 minutes) covers, presenting of the program improvement report. The second part (15 minutes) covers, students' questions and discussion.

After the Session

6. The program improvement brief will be published on the website of Yeditepe University Faculty of Medicine (http://med.yeditepe.edu.tr).

INDEPENDENT LEARNING

Description:

"Independent learning" is a process, a method and a philosophy of education in which a student acquires knowledge by his or her own efforts and develops the ability for inquiry and critical evaluation. It includes freedom of choice in determining one's learning objectives, within the limits of a given project or program and with the aid of a faculty adviser. It requires freedom of process to carry out the objectives, and it places increased educational responsibility on the student for the achieving of objectives and for the value of the goals (1).

Aim:

The aim of this instructional strategy is to develop the students' ability, to learn individually, so they are prepared for the classroom lessons, lectures, laboratory experiences and clinical practices, exams, professional life and have the abilities needed for lifelong learning.

Objectives:

With this instructional strategy, students will develop;

- the skills that will help them to learn independently.
- self-discipline in their work habits.
- their evidence based research skills by using reliable resources.
- their teamwork skills by studying together.
- their clinical skills as self-directed working in the clinical skills laboratory.

Rules:

- 1. All of the students will define independent learning process according to below algorithm.
- 2. All of the students will be required to fill out a form, which is a self-assessment form for the independent learning (methodology: timing, sources, strategy, etc.).
- 3. The students' academic performance and independent learning methodology will be analyzed comparatively, and feed-back on further improvements will be provided.

What a student should do for learning independently?

- 1. **Analyzing:** First you will need to analyze carefully, what your problems and weaknesses are. For example, if you are studying anatomy, is your weak area broadly upper limb, lower limb, or what?
- 2. **Addressing:** Once you've decided your specific problems, you can list them. Which one needs to be addressed urgently? Work out your priorities. Whatever your subject area is, don't be afraid to return to the basics if necessary. It may give you more confidence in the long run to ensure you have a proper understanding of basic concepts and techniques.
- 3. Accessing: If you need reliable information, or if you need to read about a subject and put it into context, a textbook may be the best place to start. However, the Internet may be helpful if you need very up-to-date information, specific facts, or an image or video etc. If you need an academic research article, reports or case studies for your topic, then a database (Pubmed etc.) would be the best option.
- 4. **Timing:** In the weekly syllabus you will see, a specific time called "independent learning hour" for your independent work. In addition to these hours, the students should also have their own time schedule for their study time at home.
- 5. **Planning:**_Your next step will be to work out a realistic study-plan for your work. What goals could you literally set for yourself? Don't make them too ambitious but set minor goals or targets that you know you will be able to achieve without having to spend a very long time working on them. How many hours will you need to achieve them? How will you know when you've achieved them?
- 6. Recording: When you work independently, it's a good idea to keep a written record of the work you've done. This can help with further planning and also give a sense of achievement as well as provide something to include in a progress file. As time goes by you may surprise yourself with what you've been able to achieve. This could motivate you to keep going, as could increase your confidence, and even improve your results

- 7. **Reflecting:**_Reflecting on what you've done can help you decide whether the activity was really effective, whether an alternative approach might be better on another occasion, whether you spent the right amount of time and whether you have achieved the target you'd set yourself.
- 8. **Improving:** Once you've achieved the target, the process of planning can start again. Your needs and priorities may have changed, so think about them and then set yourself to another target.

<u>Reminder:</u> For further information about the independent learning, please contact the Department of Medical Education.

Reference:

1. Candy, P. (1991) Self-direction for lifelong learning: a comprehensive guide to theory and practice. San Francisco: Jossey Bass.

For further reading useful resources to recommend to students:

- Burnapp, D. (2009). Getting Ahead as an International Student. London: Open University Press.
- Marshall, L. & Rowland, F. (1998) A Guide to learning independently. London: Open University Press.
- University of Southampton / UKCISA online resource 'Prepare for Success'

INTERNAL MEDICINE

Head of the Department of Internal Medicine: Gülçin Kantarcı, MD. Prof

Responsible of Course of Training: Yaşar Küçükardalı, MD. Prof

E- mail: yasar.kucukardali@yeditepe.edu.tr

Phone: 216 5784112

Faculty

Fahrettin Keleştimur, MD. Prof of Endocrinology Gülçin Kantarcı, MD. Prof. of Nephrology Hasan Atilla Özkan, MD. Assoc. Prof. of Hematology Muzaffer Değertekin, MD. Prof. of Cardiology Yaşar Küçükardalı, MD. Prof. of Internal Medicine, İntensive care Hasan Aydın, MD. Prof. of Endocrinology Meltem Ergün, MD. Prof. of Gastroenterology Meral Sönmezoğlu, MD. Prof. of Infectious Diseases Banu Salepçi, MD. Assoc. Prof. of Pulmonology Müge Bıçakçıgil, MD. Assoc. Prof. of Rheumatology Tolga Aksu MD. Prof. of Cardiology Gülderen Yanıkkaya Demirel MD. Prof. of Internal Medicine, Immunology Olcay Özveren, MD. Assoc. Prof. of Cardiology Ozlem Haliloğlu, MD Assoc.Prof.Dr of Endocrinology Bala Başak Öven ,MD Prof of Oncology Serkan Çelik MD, Assoc.Prof.Dr of Oncology Selcuk Ergen MD. Asist Prof of Oncology Seha Akduman MD Asist Prof of Pulmonology Mustafa Aytek Şimşek MD. Asist. Prof.Dr of Cardiology Ayça Türer Cabbar MD Asist Prof of Cardiology Mehmet Akif Özturk Asist Prof.Dr of Internal Medicine

AIM AND OBJECTIVES OF PHASE VI INTERNAL MEDICINE

INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

AIM

The aim of the phase 6 Internal Medicine Program is to graduate medical doctors who have sufficient knowledge about the branches of internal medicine; cardiology, pulmonology, gastroenterology, infectious diseases, hematology, oncology and rheumatology; can manage internal medicine related health problems and perform the necessary preventive health care implementations in a primary care setting; display good communication skills, practice their profession following ethical principles, using up-to-date and evidence based scientific knowledge.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

At the end of the Internal Medicine internship program the students should be able to;

KNOWLEDGE

- describe the complete physical examination of all organ systems
- · analyze routine laboratory tests
- explain the charactheristics of more specific tests (eg. PET CT, ERCP, Capsule endoscopy..) and their usages
- decide about when to give the patient a sick leave report and the appropriate report duration

SKILLS

- take an adequate patient history
- · perform masterly physical examination
- guide the patient for diagnose, treatment and follow up according to history, physical examination and laboratory tests
- perform successfully minimal invasive procedures like venepuncture, taking blood, paracentesis etc. used in diagnosis and treatment
- fill the patient records
- go through procedures of admitting and discharging patients
- reach and use medical literature other than classical textbooks
- treat the diseases that are commonly seen among adult in primary health care
- refer the patients whose diagnosis, treatment and follow-up cannot be managed by primary health care
- ask for consultation from other medical specialties
- manage well adult follow-up and vaccination
- · counsel preventive health care issues
- work in accordance with the law and ethics
- communicate effectively with patients, patients relatives, colleagues and other healthcare personnel
- manage adult emergency cases
- perform anthropometric measures
- follow-up patients with chronic diseases
- guide the patients with chronic diseases
- perform resuscitation of adult
- keep records in regard to primary care according the official and legal requirements
- use the data processing system in the patient records
- · search the literature
- use at least one foreign language to communicate with both the adult and families that do not speak Turkish
- know at least one foreign language to follow medical literature

- make presentations to his/her colleagues about the patients he/she has followed
- contribute scientific studies on medical literature
- refer the patients that cannot be managed in a primary healthcare unit to an upper healthcare center
- communicate with the patients' parents during examination, laboratory testing, consultation and treatment steps of the sick adult
- take informed consent from patients' parents and/or the patient
- communicate with his/her colleagues, patients and patients' parents

ATTITUDE

- dress and look physically appropriate as a medical doctor
- work in cooperation with other doctors, assisting health personnel in the hospital within certain limits and ethical principles
- display sufficient social skills when forming a patient-doctor relationship
- · adopt a symptom-focused approach in history taking
- adopt an organ system focused approach in physical examination

NCC 2014 – Essential Medical Procedures	Performance Level
General and symptom-based history taking	4
Assessing mental status	4
Antropometric measurements	4
Head-Neck and ENT examination	4
Abdominal physical examination	4
Skin examination	3
General condition and vital signs assessment	4
Musculoskeletal system examination	4
Respiratory system examination	4
Cardiovascular system examination	4
Urologic examination	2
Preparing medical reports and notice	3
Preparing forensic report	4
Preparing epicrisis	4
Preparing patient file	4
Obtaining informed consent	3
Writing prescription	4
Preparing treatment refusal form	3
Reading and evaluating direct radiographs	3
Taking and evaluating ECG	4
Measuring blood glucose level with glucometry	4
Measuring and assessing of bleeding time	3
Filling laboratory request form	4
Preperation and evaluation of peripheral blood smear	4
Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and evaluation	3
Interpretation of screening and diagnostic examination results	3
Rational drug use	3
Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection	4
Urinary catheterization	3
Taking sample for culture	4
Nasogastric catheterization	4
Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment	4
Performing gastric lavage	3
Enema administration	3
Evaluating pulmonary function tests	3
Establishing IV line	4
Measuring blood pressure	4
Performing paracentesis	3
Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry	4
Providing basic life support	4
Providing immunization services	3
Periodical examination, chek-up (Cardiac risc assessment, adolescence counseling, tobacco counselling, cancer screening etc.)	3
Using and evaluating peak-flow meter	3

Internal Medicine

5th Group 01 Mar 2023, 6th Group 01 May 2023

Phase VI Week I Introduction to Internal Medicine 1st Group: 01 July 2022, 2nd Group 01 Sep 2022, 3rd Group 01 Nov 2022, 4th Group 01Jan 2023,

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
08.30- 09.00	Introductory Session Introduction to Phase VI Yaşar Küçükardalı Kozyatağı /Conference Hall	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Multi-disciplinary Case Discussion Conference Hall Kozyatağı	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)
09.30-10.00	Introductory Session (Introduction to Internal Medicine) Gülçin Kantarcı	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
10.00-12.00	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	(Oulpatient)	(Outpatient)	(Capanon)	(Supation)
12.00- 12.30	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch
12.30-13.15	Journal Club 2	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Presentations 6 (Student)	Independent Learning
13.15- 16.00	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
16.00- 16.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning
17.00-17.50	asponasiii Edaniiiig	dopondone Lourning	maopondont Lourning	dopondone Lourning	indopondoni Lourning

Internal Medicine Phase VI Week II-III

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	
08.30- 09.00	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round	
09.00-12.00	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom- Based Learning Session Conference Hall All Groups (I-VI) II.WEEK	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	
12.00- 12.30	Lunch			Lunch		
12 20 12 15	Week II Case Report	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Seminar Presentations	Lunch
12.30-13.15	Week III Seminary			(Student)		
13.15- 16.00-	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom- Based Learning Session Conference Hall All Groups (I-VI) II.WEEK	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	
16.00- 16.50	Independent Learning	Indopondent Learning	Indopondent Learning	Indopondent Learning	Indopondent Learning	
17.00-17.50		Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	

Internal Medicine Phase VI Week IV

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
08.30- 09.00	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round
09.00-12.00	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom- Based Learning Session Conference Hall All Groups (I-VI)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
12.00- 12.30	Lunch			Lunch	
12.30-13.15	Journal Club	Lunch	Lunch	Seminar Presentations (Student)	Lunch
13.15- 16.00-	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom- Based Learning Session Conference Hall All Groups (I-VI	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
16.00- 16.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning
17.00-17.50	,				

Internal Medicine Phase VI Week V-VII

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
08.30- 09.00	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round
09.00-12.00	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom- Based Learning Session Conference Hall All Groups (I-VI) VI. week	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
12.00- 12.30	Lunch			Lunch	
	Week V Case Report	Lunch	Lunch	Seminar Presentations (Student)	Lunch
12.30-13.15	Week VI Seminar				
	Week VII Jounal Club			(Glacolly)	
13.15- 16.00-	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom- Based Learning Session Conference Hall All Groups (I-VI) VI. week	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
16.00- 16.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning
17.00-17.50		aoponaoni Lourning	aoponaone Lourning		aoponaoni Lourning

Internal Medicine Phase VI Week VIII

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
08.30- 09.00	Ward Round	Ward round	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round
09.00-12.00	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom- Based Learning Session Conference Hall All Groups (I-VI)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
12.00-12.30	Lunch			Lunch	
12.30-13.15	Journal Club	Lunch	Lunch	Seminar Presentations student	Lunch
13.15-16.00-	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom- Based Learning Session Conference Hall All Groups (I-VI)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Program Evaluation Session Review of the learning aims, Evaluation of the Course Program Head of the Dept of Internal Medicine
16.00- 16.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning

¹ General seminar (all groups: All phase VI groups will attend Kozyatağı Hospital 2. Floor, conference hall. It is mandatory

² Journal club: to attend literature discussion which will be presented by internal medicine residents working in internal medicine department Hospital 2. Floor, conference hall

³ Case report: to attend discussion which will present by asistant doctor working internal medicine department Hospital 2. Floor, conference hall

⁴ Seminary: to attend seminary which will present by asistant doctor working internal medicine department Hospital 2. Floor, conference hall

⁵ Lecture: to attend lectures given by the academician working at internal medicine, Hospital 2. Floor meeting room

⁶ Presentations Students will make a presentation which given them by academician on 20 minute duration. Kozyatağı Hospital 2nd Floor, conference hall, All internship groups should follow these presentations. It is Mandatory.

INTERNAL MEDICINE INTERNSHIP PROGRAM FOR 2022 – 2023

	KZ Da1	KZ Da2	KZ End	KZ Gst	KZ Rom	KZ Göğ	KZ İnf	KZ Ser	KŞ Onk1	KŞ Onk2	KŞ Hem	KŞ İnf	KŞ Nef	KŞ Da	KŞ Gst	KŞ Ser	KZ Kar
01.07. 2022	- 31.0	3. 2022															
1-4 week	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	A8	A9	A11	A10	A12	A13	A14	A15	A16	A17
13.7.2022 27.7.2022	Symte	om bas	ed learr	ning ses	sion C	Conferer	ce Hall	in Yed	ditepe Un	niversity F	lospital	betwee	n 09.00	- 16.00			
5-8 week	A17	A16	A15	A14	A13	A12	A11	A9	A10	A8	A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1
10.8.2022 24.8.2022	•		ed learr	ning ses	sion C	Conferer	ce Hall	in Yed	ditepe Un	niversity F	Hospital	betwee	n 09.00	- 16.00			
01.09. 2022	- 31.10	.2022															
1-4 week	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	B9	B11	B10	B12	B13	B14	B15	B16	A17
14.9.2022 28.9.2022	Symte	om bas	ed learr	ning ses	sion C	Conferer	nce Hall	in Yed	ditepe Un	niversity F	Hospital	betwee	n 09.00	- 16.00			
5-8 week	B17	B16	B15	B14	B13	B12	B11	В9	B10	B8	B7	В6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1
01.11.2022-	31.12.	2022															
1-4 week	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	C7	C8	C9	C11	C10	C12	C13	C14	C15	C16	C17
5-8 week	C17	C16	C15	C14	C13	C12	C11	C9	C10	C8	C7	C6	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1
01.01.2023	- 28.2.	2023															
1-4 week	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	D9	D10	D11	D12	D13	D14	D15		D16
5-8 week	D16	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2		D1
04 02 2022	20.44	2022															
01.03. 2023 1-4 week	- 30.4.	E2	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7	E8	E9	E10	E11	E12	E13	E14	E		E16
1 4 WOOK																	
5-8 week	E16	E15	E14	E13	E12	E11	E10	E9	E8	E7	E6	E5	E4	E3	E2		E1
01.05. 2023	- 30.0																
1-4 week	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8	F9	F10	F11	F12	F13	F14	F15		F16
5-8 week	F16	F15	F14	F13	F12	F11	F10	F9	F8	F7	F6	F5	F4	F3	F2		F1

Da1	KZ Kozyatağı Internal Medicine 1
Da2	KZ Kozyatağı Internal Medicine 2
End	KZ Kozyatağı Endocrinology
Gst	KZ Kozyatağı Gastroenterology
Rom	KZ Kozyatağı Romatology
Göğ	KZ Kozyatağı Pulmonology
İnf	KZ Kozyatağı Infectious Diseases
Ser	KZ Kozyatağı inpatient / clinic
Onk1	KŞ Koşuyolu Oncology 1
Onk2	KŞ Koşuyolu Oncology 2
Hem	KŞ Koşuyolu Hematology

İnf	KŞ Koşuyolu Infectious Diseases
Nef	KŞ Koşuyolu Nephrology
Da	KŞ Koşuyolu Internal Medicine
Gst	KŞ Koşuyolu Gastroenterology
Ser	KŞ Koşuyolu Inpatient / clinic
Kar	KZ Kozyatağı Cardiology

YEDİTEPE UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF MEDICINE PHASE VI

CHILD HEALTH and PEDIATRICS

Head of the Department of Child Health and Pediatrics: Meltem Uğraş, MD. Prof. of Neonatology

Responsible of Course of Training: Elif Sağsak,MD Assoc. Prof; Coşkun Saf MD.

Faculty

Filiz Bakar, MD, Prof. Ruhan Düşünsel, MD Prof, Haluk Topaloğlu, MD, Prof. Meltem Uğraş, MD, Prof. Hülya Ercan Sarıçoban, MD, Prof. Nevin Yalman, MD, Prof. Sabri Kemahlı, MD, Prof. Ayça Vitrinel, MD, Prof Reha Cengizlier, MD, Prof Kazım Öztarhan, MD, Prof Mustafa Berber, MD. Assist. Prof. Elif Sağsak, MDLecturer Ferhan Meriç, MD, Lecturer Tuba Giray, MD. Lecturer Fatma Tuba Coşkun, MD, Lecturer Seyhan Perihan Saf, MD, Assist. Prof. Çiğdem Yanar Ayanoğlu, MD, Lecturer Çetin Timur, MD, Lecturer Asım Yörük, MD, Lecturer Tülin Şimşek MD, Lecturer Coşkun Saf, MD, Lecturer Büşra Çağlar, MD, Lecturer Erdem Toprak, MD, Lecturer Bilge Atlı, MD, Lecturer

General and symptom-based history taking 4 Antropometric measurements 4 Head-Neck and ENT examination 4 Abdominal physical examination 4 Consciousness assessment and mood state examination 5 Child and newborn examination 4 Skin examination 4 Consciousness assessment and mood state examination 4 Consciousness assessment and mood state examination 4 Consciousness assessment and mood state examination 4 Skin examination 4 Ceneral condition and vital signs assessment 4 General condition and vital signs assessment 4 General condition and vital signs assessment 4 General condition and vital signs assessment 4 Breast and axuliar region examination 4 Rusculoskeletal system examination 4 Rusculoskeletal system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory altifular region examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory altifular region examination 4 Referring patient appropriately 4 Referring patient appropriately 5 Reparing petiant appropriately 7 Reparing prescription 7 Reparing prescription 7 Reparing prescription 7 Reparing prescription 7 Reparing rescription 7 Reparing restrement rejection paper 7 Application of principles of working with biologic material 7 Reparing stool smear and microscopic examination 7 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 7 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 7 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 7 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 7 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 7 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 7 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 8 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs a	NCC 2014 – Essential Medical Procedures	Performance Level
Head-Neck and ENT examination 4 Abdominal physical examination 4 Consciousness assessment and mood state examination 4 Child and newborn examination 4 Skin examination 4 Skin examination 4 Skin examination 4 Skin examination 4 Skin examination 4 Skin examination 4 General condition and vital signs assessment 4 Musculoskeletal system examination 4 Musculoskeletal system examination 4 Breast and axillar region examination 4 Reurological examination 4 Reurological examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 4 Represent and examination 5 Represent and examination 7 Reparing treatment rejection paper 8 Replication of principles of working with biologic material 9 Represent and examination 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Relationation 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 5 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 7 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reproming blood glucose level with glucometry 9 Reading increasing transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 9 Reproming plum lurie analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 9 Reforming peripheral smear and assessment 9 Reforming peripheral smear and assessment 9 Reforming peripheral smear and assessment 9 Reforming peripheral smear and assessment 9 Reforming peripheral smear and assessment 9 Reforming peripheral smear and assessment 9 Reforming peripheral smear and assessment 9 Re	General and symptom-based history taking	4
Abdominal physical examination 4 Child and newborn examination 4 Child and newborn examination 4 Skin examination 4 Skin examination 4 Skin examination 4 General condition and vital signs assessment 4 Cardiovascular system examination 4 Musculoskeletal system examination 4 Musculoskeletal system examination 4 Musculoskeletal system examination 4 Musculoskeletal system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Referring patient if a propriately 3 Preparing patient if a propriately 3 Referring patient appropriately 3 Referring patient appropriately 3 Referring prescription 4 Referring prescription 4 Referring prescription 4 Reparant examination 4 Repreparing treatment rejection paper 3 Application of principles of working with biologic material 4 Replication of principles of working with biologic material 4 Replication of principles of working with biologic material 4 Replication of principles of working with biologic material 4 Replication of principles of working with biologic material 4 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material 4 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material 4 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material 4 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material 4 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material 4 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material 4 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material 4 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material 4 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material 4 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material 4 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material 4 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material		4
Consciousness assessment and mood state examination		4
Child and newborn examination Kin examination General condition and vital signs assessment 4 General condition and vital signs assessment 4 General condition and vital signs assessment 4 Musculoskelatal system examination 4 Breast and axillar region examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 5 Obtaining informed consent 7 Preparing peticrisis 4 Preparing peticrisis 4 Preparing patient file 4 Referring patient appropriately 3 Preparing death report 7 Preparing death report 7 Preparing rescription 8 Preparing rescription 9 Preparing treatment rejection paper Application of principles of working with biologic material 4 Preparing stool smear and microscopic examination 3 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 7 Recal occult blood examination 8 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 9 Reading direct radiographs is measurement assessment 9 Reprorning bloed glucose level with glucometry 9 Reprorning bloeding lime measurement assessment 9 Reforming bleeding lime measurement assessment 9 Reforming peripheral smear and assessment 4 Resuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Resuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Resuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Resuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 9 Reforming plic did growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Resuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 9 Reforming plic did growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Resuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 9 Reforming plic paper and administering nebule inhaler treatment 4 Reforming plic paper and administering nebule inhaler treatment 4 Reforming plic paper and administeri		
Skin examination 4 General condition and vital signs assessment 4 Cardiovascular system examination 4 Musculoskeletal system examination 4 Musculoskeletal system examination 4 Resast and axiliar region examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Reparting patient appropriately 7 Preparing patient file 7 Referring patient appropriately 3 Preparing patient propriately 3 Preparing patient propriately 3 Preparing death report 3 Preparing medical reports and notice 3 Writing prescription 4 Application of principles of working with biologic material 4 Preparing treatment rejection paper 3 Application of principles of working with biologic material 4 Preparing stool smear and microscopic examination 3 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 3 Fecal occuli blood examination 2 Measuring blood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing bleeding time measurement assessment 3 Itiling laboratory request paper 4 Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Using microscope 4 Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Rational drug use 6 Dollaving child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 9 Performing lind, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Performing lind, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Urinary catheterization 4 Resuring blood pressure 4 Performing paraper ora, and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 4 Performing paraper ora, and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 4 Performing paraper ora, and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 5 Performing paraper ora, vaginal and topical medicines 4 Performing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary 3 Performing a paraper function tests 5 Performing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic		
General condition and vital signs assessment Acardiovascular system examination Ausculoskelatal system examination Ausculoskelatal system examination Ausculoskelatal system examination Austratory system examination A		-
Cardiovascular system examination Musculoskeletal system examination Musculoskeletal system examination Musculoskeletal system examination Musculoskeletal system examination Alevariotogical examination Alevariotogical examination Alexamination Aprication of principles of working with biologic material Application of principl		-
Musculoskeletal system examination Perast and availlar region examination Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Respiratory system examination 4 Referring patient file 4 Referring patient file 4 Referring patient appropriately 7 Preparing death report 7 Preparing medical reports and notice 3 Respiration of principles of working with biologic material 4 Repreparing treatment rejection paper 4 Repreparing treatment rejection paper 4 Repreparing treatment rejection paper 4 Repreparing treatment rejection paper 4 Repreparing tool smear and microscopic examination 3 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 5 Recal occult blood examination 7 Result blood examination 8 Result blood examination 9 Result blood examination 10 Result blood examination 1		•
Breast and axillar region examination Autorological examination Aespiratory system examination At Respiratory system examination At Respiratory system examination At Respiratory system examination At Preparing plorisis At Preparing patient file Referring patient appropriately Preparing death report Aprication of principles of working with biologic material Preparing treatment rejection paper Application of principles of working with biologic material Application of principles of principles of principles of principles of principles of principles of principles of principles of principles of principles of principles of principles of principles of principles of principles of principles		
Neurological examination Agespiratory system examination Obtaining informed consent 7 reparing epicrisis 4 reparing epicrisis 4 reparing epicrisis 4 repearing patient file Ageferring patient appropriately Preparing medical reports and notice 3 repreparing medical reports and notice 3 repreparing medical reports and notice 3 repreparing medical reports and notice 3 represents in the report of t		-
Respiratory system examination Obtaining informed consent Preparing pelicitisis 4 Preparing pelicitisis 4 Preparing patient file 4 Referring patient appropriately 3 Preparing death report 3 Preparing medical reports and notice Writing prescription 4 Preparing rescription 4 Preparing treatment rejection paper 4 Preparing stool smear and microscopic examination 3 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Application of principles of working with biologic material Preparing stool smear and microscopic examination 3 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 3 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Reasuring blood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing blood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing blood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing blood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing blood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing plood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing plood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing plood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing plood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing plood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing plood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing plood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing plood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing plood transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Performing in Ull urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 5 Performing pemborn care after delivery 5 Performing pemborn care after delivery 6 Performing mewborn care after delivery 7 Performing in Mi, IV, SC, ID injection 7 Performing in July, SC, ID injection 7 Performing in July, SC, ID injection 7 Performing sample for culture 7 Performing lombor puncture 7 Performing lombor puncture 7 Performing sample for culture 8 Performing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 8 Performing appropriate cold chain protection and transportat		-
Obtaining informed consent Preparing policisis 4 Preparing policisis 4 Referring patient file 4 Referring patient appropriately Preparing pedant report 3 Preparing medical reports and notice Writing prescription 4 Preparing medical reports and notice Writing prescription 4 Preparing treatment rejection paper 4 Application of principles of working with biologic material 4 Preparing stool smear and microscopic examination 3 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 3 Recal occult blood examination 2 Reasuring blood glucose level with glucometry Performing bleeding time measurement assessment 3 Filling laboratory request paper 4 Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Using microscope 4 Performing peripheral smear and assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Reational drug use 3 Following drild growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 7 Performing newborn care after delivery 3 Hand washing 4 Obtaining biological samples from patient 4 Performing lood transfusion 5 Capillary blood sampling 4 Performing lood transfusion 5 Capillary blood sampling 4 Performing lomber puncture 7 Nasogastric catheterization 8 Reasuring provide administering nebule-inhaler treatment 8 Resource of the puncture 9 Reforming appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 9 Resource of the puncture 9 Reforming appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 9 Resource of the puncture 9 Reforming appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 9 Resource of the puncture 9 Reforming appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 9 Resource of the puncture 9 Reforming appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 9 Reforming suprapubic bladder aspiration 9 Reforming suprapubic bladder aspiration 9 Reforming suprapubic bladder aspiration 9 Reforming suprapubic		-
Preparing epicrisis Preparing patient file Referring patient appropriately Referring patient appropriately Referring patient appropriately Referring patient appropriately Referring patient approts and notice Referring prescription Writing prescription Application of principles of working with biologic material Application of principles of working with biologic principles of princip		-
Preparing patient file Referring patient appropriately Preparing death report 3 Preparing medical reports and notice 3 Writing prescription 4 Preparing treatment rejection paper Application of principles of working with biologic material 4 Preparing treatment rejection paper Application of principles of working with biologic material 4 Preparing stool smear and microscopic examination 3 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 5 Recal occult blood examination 2 Resulting blood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing bleeding time measurement assessment 3 Filling laboratory request paper Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Using microscope 4 Performing Full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Rational drug use Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 3 Performing newborn care after delivery 3 Hand washing 4 Obtaining biological samples from patient 4 Performing M, IV, SC, ID injection 1 Urinary catheterization 4 Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Performing lood ampling 4 Performing lood ampling 5 Performing lood pressure 4 Performing plood pressure 4 Performing plood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Performing pample for culture 9 Performing pample for culture 9 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bl		
Referring patient appropriately Preparing death report Preparing medical reports and notice 3 Preparing medical reports and notice 3 Writing prescription 4 Preparing treatment rejection paper 3 Application of principles of working with biologic material 4 Preparing stool smear and microscopic examination 3 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 5 Fecal occult blood examination 8 Measuring blood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing bloeding time measurement assessment 3 Rilling laboratory request paper 9 Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Using microscope 4 Performing peripheral smear and assessment 4 Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Reational drug use 7 Solving child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 3 Performing newborn care after delivery 3 Hand washing 4 Performing lind, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Performing blood pressure 4 Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Obtaining sample for culture 9 Performing lomber puncture 1 Rasogastric catheterization 9 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 4 Reserving appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 4 Reserving appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 9 Performing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 9 Performing suprapybic bladder aspiration 9 Performing suprapybic bladder aspiration 9 Performing suprapybic bladder aspiration 9 Performing suprapybic bladder aspiration 9 Perfording as supplied to measurement assessment and assessment and assessment and assessment and assessment and assessment and assessment and assessment and assessment and assessment and assessment and assessment and assessment and assess		•
Preparing death report Preparing medical reports and notice Writing prescription 4 Preparing treatment rejection paper Application of principles of working with biologic material Preparing stool smear and microscopic examination 3 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 4 Preparing blood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing bleeding time measurement assessment 3 Filling laboratory request paper 4 Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Dising microscope 4 Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Rational drug use Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 4 Setablishing IV line 7 Berforming newborn care after delivery 8 Hand washing 4 Obtaining biological samples from patient 9 Performing lind, IV, SC, ID injection 1 Urinary catheretrization 1 Reasuring blood pressure 4 Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Obtaining sample for culture 9 Performing lomber puncture 1 Rasogastric catheterization 2 Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 4 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 4 Sassesing respiratory function tests 1 Providing basic life support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice		-
Preparing medical reports and notice Writing prescription Preparing treatment rejection paper Application of principles of working with biologic material Preparing stool smear and microscopic examination Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment Fecal occult blood examination Reasuring blood glucose level with glucometry Performing bleeding time measurement assessment 13 Rilling laboratory request paper Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Reiforming peripheral smear and assessment Performing peripheral smear and assessment 4 Performing peripheral smear and assessment 4 Performing pull urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Resuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Resulting diagnostic propers and assessment Performing peripheral smear and assessment 4 Resulting diagnostic propers and assessment 4 Resulting in an diagnostic propers and assessment 4 Resulting full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Resulting full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Resulting full growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 3 Performing newborn care after delivery 3 Hand washing Obtaining biological samples from patient 4 Performing lim, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Urinary catheterization 3 Reasuring blood pressure 4 Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture 4 Performing propers and administering nebule-inhaler treatment Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines 4 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry 2 Performing and assessing blood capitation 4 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Performing suprapubic bladder asp		
Writing prescription 4 Preparing treatment ejection paper 3 Application of principles of working with biologic material 4 Preparing stool smear and microscopic examination 3 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 3 Fecal occult blood examination 2 Reasuring blood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing bleeding time measurement assessment 3 Filling laboratory request paper 4 Dotlarining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Using microscope 4 Performing peripheral smear and assessment 4 Using microscope 4 Performing peripheral smear and assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Rational drug use 3 Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 3 Performing newborn care after delivery 3 Hand washing 4 Obtaining biological samples from patient 4 Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Urinary catheterization 3 Measuring blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Obtaining sample for culture 4 Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Obtaining sample for culture 4 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 4 Performing paracentesis 4 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 4 Performing paracentesis 4 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 4 Performing paracentesis 3 Performing paracentesis 4 Performing paracentesis 4 Performing paracentesis 4 Performing paracentesis 4 Performing paracentesis 4 Perform		_
Preparing treatment rejection paper Application of principles of working with biologic material Application of principles of working with biologic material Application of principles of working with biologic material Application of principles of working with biologic material Application of principles of working with biologic material Application of principles of working with biologic material Application of preparing stool several material Beauting biologication assessment Application of principles of working biological principles of the principl		
Application of principles of working with biologic material Preparing stool smear and microscopic examination 3 Reading direct radiographs and assessment 4 Ability to take ECG and assessment 3 Fecal occult blood examination 2 Measuring blood glucose level with glucometry 4 Performing bleeding time measurement assessment 5 Filling laboratory request paper 6 Ability and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 7 Hilling laboratory request paper 8 Ability and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 9 Aperforming peripheral smear and assessment 9 Performing peripheral smear and assessment 9 Performing peripheral smear and assessment 9 Arational drug use 1 Ability and the same and its assessment 9 Acas and the same and a same and its assessment 9 Acas and the same and the same and its assessment 9 Acas and the same and the same and its assessment 9 Acas and the same and the same and its assessment 9 Acas and the same and a same		3
Preparing stool smear and microscopic examination Reading direct radiographs and assessment Ability to take ECG and assessment 3 Fecal occult blood examination Beasuring blood glucose level with glucometry Performing bleeding time measurement assessment 3 Filling laboratory request paper 4 Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Dising microscope 4 Performing peripheral smear and assessment 4 Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Retional drug use Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Ferforming newborn care after delivery 1 Fataloishing IV line 3 Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Performing blood blood blood transfusion 2 Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Performing mober puncture 4 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 4 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 3		
Reading direct radiographs and assessment Ability to take ECG and assessment Fecal occul blood examination 2 Measuring blood glucose level with glucometry Performing bleeding time measurement assessment Filling laboratory request paper Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Using microscope 4 Performing peripheral smear and assessment Performing pull urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment Rational drug use Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line Soldaning biological samples from patient Performing in low to the child provided transfusion Uninary catheterization Admining biological samples from patient Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization 1 Resogastric catheterization 2 Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 2 Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 2 Delivering paracentesis 1 Performing pPD test 4 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing pPD test 4 Performing para espiratory function tests 3 Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 7 Providing basic life support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice		3
Ability to take ECG and assessment Fecal occult blood examination Pecal occult blood examination Performing blood glucose level with glucometry Performing bleeding time measurement assessment Performing bleeding time measurement assessment Performing pland transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions Using microscope Performing peripheral smear and assessment Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment Assessment Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment Rational drug use Performing in growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) Performing newborn care after delivery Salendowshing Obtaining biological samples from patient Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection Urinary catheterization Performing blood transfusion Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization Performing pomber puncture Performing paracentesis Performing PD test Performing PD test Performing PD est Performing PD est Performing PD assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Solving ethical issues in medical practice		4
Fecal occult blood examination Measuring blood glucose level with glucometry Performing bleeding time measurement assessment Filling laboratory request paper Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Using microscope Performing peripheral smear and assessment Performing peripheral smear and assessment Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment Rational drug use Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) Performing newborn care after delivery Hand washing Obtaining biological samples from patient Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection Urinary catheterization Measuring blood pressure Performing blood transfusion Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture Performing lomber puncture 10 Resonance and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 21 Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing PPD test Performing PPD test Performing PPD test Performing suprapuration data ransportation Assessing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Rowing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Rowing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Rowing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Rowing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Rowing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary		3
Performing bleeding time measurement assessment Filling laboratory request paper Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions Using microscope 4 Performing peripheral smear and assessment Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment Atational drug use 3 Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 3 Performing newborn care after delivery 3 Hand washing 4 Obtaining biological samples from patient 4 Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Urinary catheterization 3 Measuring blood pressure 4 Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Obtaining sample for culture 4 Performing lomber puncture 1 Nasogastric catheterization 2 Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 2 Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines 4 Performing PPD test 4 Performing PPD test 4 Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 4 Assessing respiratory function tests 3 Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 7 Providing basic life support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice	· ·	2
Filling laboratory request paper Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Using microscope 4 Performing peripheral smear and assessment 4 Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Reasuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Rational drug use 5 Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 7 Setablishing IV line 8 Performing newborn care after delivery 8 Hand washing 9 Obtaining biological samples from patient 9 Performing liM, IV, SC, ID injection 9 Urinary catheterization 9 Reasuring blood pressure 9 Performing blood transfusion 1 Capillary blood sampling 1 Obtaining sample for culture 9 Performing lomber puncture 1 Nasogastric catheterization 1 Reasogastric catheterization 2 Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 2 Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines 1 Performing PPD test 1 Performing PPD test 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry 1 Peroviding appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 4 Assesing respiratory function tests 3 Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary 3 Performing basic life support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice	Measuring blood glucose level with glucometry	4
Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions 4 Using microscope 4 Performing peripheral smear and assessment 4 Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Measuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Rational drug use 3 Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 3 Performing newborn care after delivery 3 Hand washing 4 Obtaining biological samples from patient 4 Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Urinary catheterization 3 Measuring blood pressure 4 Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Obtaining sample for culture 4 Performing lomber puncture 1 Nasogastric catheterization 2 Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 2 Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines 4 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing papropriate cold chain protectio	Performing bleeding time measurement assessment	3
Using microscope Performing peripheral smear and assessment Performing peripheral smear and assessment Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment 4 Rational drug use Rational drug use Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line Performing newborn care after delivery 3 Hand washing Obtaining biological samples from patient Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Urinary catheterization 3 Measuring blood pressure Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture Performing sample for culture Performing oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 2 Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing paracentesis 1 Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry Performing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary 3 Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Performing spancel to dealing procedure or specific support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice		4
Performing peripheral smear and assessment Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment Measuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment At Rational drug use Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 3 Performing newborn care after delivery 3 Hand washing Obtaining biological samples from patient 4 Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Urinary catheterization 4 Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Obtaining sample for culture 4 Performing lomber puncture 1 Nasogastric catheterization 2 Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines 4 Performing parpoentesis 1 Performing parpoentesis 1 Performing parpoentesis 2 Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 4 Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice	Obtaining and transfer laboratory specimens in appropriate conditions	4
Performing full urine analysis (including microscopic examination) and assessment Measuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment Rational drug use Sollowing child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 3 Performing newborn care after delivery Hand washing Obtaining biological samples from patient Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection Urinary catheterization Measuring blood pressure 4 Performing blood transfusion Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization 2 Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines 4 Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice		4
Measuring transcutaneous bilirubine and its assessment 4 Rational drug use 3 Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 3 Performing newborn care after delivery 3 Hand washing 4 Obtaining biological samples from patient 4 Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Urinary catheterization 3 Measuring blood pressure 4 Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling 4 Obtaining sample for culture 4 Performing lomber puncture 1 Nasogastric catheterization 2 Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 2 Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines 4 Performing paracentesis 1 Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry 2 Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 4 Assesing respiratory function tests 3 Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary 3 Performing basic life support<		
Rational drug use Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) 4 Establishing IV line 3 Performing newborn care after delivery Hand washing Obtaining biological samples from patient 4 Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection 4 Urinary catheterization 4 Performing blood pressure 4 Performing blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture 4 Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization 2 Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment 2 Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines 4 Performing PPD test 4 Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation 4 Assesing respiratory function tests 5 Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Solving ethical issues in medical practice 3		•
Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification) Establishing IV line Performing newborn care after delivery Hand washing Obtaining biological samples from patient Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection Urinary catheterization Measuring blood pressure Performing blood transfusion Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing PPD test Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry Performing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing basic life support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice		
Establishing IV line Performing newborn care after delivery Hand washing Obtaining biological samples from patient Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection Urinary catheterization Measuring blood pressure Performing blood transfusion 2 Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization Performing oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing PPD test Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Performing basic life support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice		
Performing newborn care after delivery Hand washing Obtaining biological samples from patient Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection Urinary catheterization Measuring blood pressure Performing blood transfusion Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing PPD test Perfoming appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Providing basic life support Solving ethical issues in medical practice		
Hand washing Obtaining biological samples from patient Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection Urinary catheterization Measuring blood pressure Performing blood transfusion Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization 2 Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing PPD test Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Providing basic life support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice		-
Obtaining biological samples from patient Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection Urinary catheterization Measuring blood pressure Performing blood transfusion Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing PPD test Performing PPD test Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Providing basic life support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice		4
Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection Urinary catheterization Measuring blood pressure Performing blood transfusion Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing PPD test Performing PPD test Performing and assessing pulse oxymetry Performing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing basic life support Solving ethical issues in medical practice		
Urinary catheterization3Measuring blood pressure4Performing blood transfusion2Capillary blood sampling4Obtaining sample for culture4Performing lomber puncture1Nasogastric catheterization2Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment2Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines4Performing paracentesis1Performing PPD test4Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry2Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation4Assesing respiratory function tests3Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary3Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration2Providing basic life support3Solving ethical issues in medical practice3		
Measuring blood pressure4Performing blood transfusion2Capillary blood sampling4Obtaining sample for culture4Performing lomber puncture1Nasogastric catheterization2Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment2Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines4Performing paracentesis1Performing PPD test4Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry2Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation4Assesing respiratory function tests3Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary3Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration2Providing basic life support3Solving ethical issues in medical practice3		
Performing blood transfusion Capillary blood sampling Obtaining sample for culture Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing paracentesis 1 Performing PPD test Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing basic life support Solving ethical issues in medical practice		
Capillary blood sampling4Obtaining sample for culture4Performing lomber puncture1Nasogastric catheterization2Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment2Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines4Performing paracentesis1Performing PPD test4Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry2Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation4Assesing respiratory function tests3Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary3Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration2Providing basic life support3Solving ethical issues in medical practice3		
Obtaining sample for culture Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing paracentesis 1 Performing PPD test Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Providing basic life support Solving ethical issues in medical practice		
Performing lomber puncture Nasogastric catheterization Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing paracentesis 1 Performing PPD test Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Providing basic life support Solving ethical issues in medical practice		
Nasogastric catheterization2Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment2Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines4Performing paracentesis1Performing PPD test4Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry2Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation4Assesing respiratory function tests3Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary3Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration2Providing basic life support3Solving ethical issues in medical practice3		
Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing paracentesis 1 Performing PPD test 4 Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Providing basic life support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice		
Administering oral, rectal, vaginal and topical medicines Performing paracentesis Performing PPD test Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Providing basic life support Solving ethical issues in medical practice 4 Performing suprapulation tests Solving ethical issues in medical practice	<u> </u>	
Performing paracentesis Performing PPD test Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Providing basic life support Solving ethical issues in medical practice 1 1 4 2 2 2 3 3 5 5 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 8 8 8		
Performing PPD test Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Providing basic life support Solving ethical issues in medical practice 4 4 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 8		
Perfoming and assessing pulse oxymetry Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Providing basic life support Solving ethical issues in medical practice 2		
Providing appropriate cold chain protection and transportation Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration Providing basic life support Solving ethical issues in medical practice 4 4 Assessing respiratory function tests 3 Practice 3		
Assesing respiratory function tests Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Providing basic life support Solving ethical issues in medical practice 3		
Drawing a family tree and referring the patient for genetic counseling when necessary Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Providing basic life support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice 3		
Performing suprapubic bladder aspiration 2 Providing basic life support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice 3		
Providing basic life support 3 Solving ethical issues in medical practice 3		
Solving ethical issues in medical practice 3		
Taking heel blood sample 4		
	Taking heel blood sample	4

AIM AND OBJECTIVES OF PHASE VI CHILD HEALTH AND PEDIATRICS INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

AIM

The aim of the phase 6 Pediatrics Program is to graduate medical doctors who are aware of the pediatric health priorities; can manage pediatric health problems and perform the necessary preventive health care implementations in a primary care setting; practice their profession following ethical principles, using up-to-date and evidence based scientific knowledge.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

At the end of the pediatric internship program the students should be able to,

- plan the diagnostic process and treatment for childhood diseases
- treat the diseases that are commonly seen among children in primary health care
- refer the patients whose diagnosis, treatment and follow-up cannot be managed by primary health care
- ask for consultation from other medical specialties
- manage well child follow-up and vaccination
- counsel preventive health care issues
- keep up-to-date about the improvements in the field of Pediatrics
- work in accordance with the law and ethics
- communicate effectively with patients, patients relatives, colleagues and other healthcare personnel
- manage pediatric emergency cases
- take history from healthy and sick children
- perform physical examination
- make tests when necessary
- evaluate the results of laboratory and imaging tests make differential diagnosis and therapeutic approach
- follow-up growth and development in all age groups of pediatric patients
- perform anthropometric measures
- evaluate the results of the measurements comparing with the percentiles on growth charts
- counsel the family about nutrition and vaccination
- follow-up patients with chronic diseases
- guide the patients with chronic diseases
- perform resuscitation of newborn, infant and children
- keep records in regard to primary care according the official and legal requirements
- use the data processing system in the patient records
- follow up-to-date knowledge on Pediatrics
- search the literature
- use at least one foreign language to communicate with both the child and families that do not speak Turkish

- know at least one foreign language to follow medical literature
- make presentations to his/her colleagues about the patients he/she has followed
- contribute scientific studies on medical literature
- refer the patients that cannot be managed in a primary healthcare unit to an upper healthcare center
- communicate with the patients' parents during examination, laboratory testing, consultation and treatment steps of the sick child
- take informed consent from patients' parents and/or the patient
- communicate with his/her colleagues, patients and patients' parents
- counsel about all the preventive health services about children vaccination and nutrition being the utmost importance among them

ATTITUDE

- be conscious about importance of multidisciplinary working
- price the ethical and legal principles

The department defines the internship as an 2 months intensive clinical experience under the supervision and responsibility of a specialist. During the active clinical tasks, all interns will be working under the responsibility and supervision of the head of the department and the medical staff in charge. The head of the department is responsible for the attendance of the interns.

Practical and Theoretical Education

Working hours are from 08.30 to 16.30. Training of interns is carried out as shown in the schedule. Every intern is responsible to take part in each task of 3 or 5 of patients assigned to him/her. Obtaining an accurate history of the patient (anamnesis), physical examination, preparing the patient's file, organization of the laboratory and radiological examinations, preparing the schedule of treatment, presentation of the patients during case studies and lectures, and to summarize the important aspects of the history, physical exam and supporting lab tests and formulate a differential diagnosis as well as a plan of action that addresses both the diagnostic and therapeutic approach to the patient's problems are the important mile-stones of the daily tasks. Intern students of the pediatrics have to be on duty in clinics and/or emergency 3-days a week. The interns on duty, which are working under the responsibility and supervision of the physicians and specialist, are the first person in providing the medical aid and personal wishes of the inpatients. Intern medical students on duty are free in the following afternoon. The interns working in the outpatient clinics have clinical responsibilities, including medication and follow-up the patients.

Each student should prepare and present at least one seminar during his/her internship.

Following the internship period, evaluation of the performance will be based on overall clinical performance both in outpatient clinics and in hospital, sharing clinical responsibilities, laboratory and field-work skills, the attitudes toward patients, interaction with other interns and physicians, regular attendance at medical meetings, lectures and case studies, performance of the basic administrative and organizational skills involved in day-to-day medical care. Rating of students recorded with required projects and will be performed as "passed" or "failed" with an overall evaluation score of 100.

At the end of every 2 months, a lecture "Immunization principles and vaccination programme " will be given by Prof Dr Ayça Vitrinel .

CHILD HEALTH AND PEDIATRICS (CHP) Phase VI Weekly Schedule

	Monday	Tuesday		ednesday	Thursday	Friday
08.30- 09.50	Morning round Clinic visit F. Bakar, H.Topaloğlu, R. Düşünsel, M. Uğraş, H. Sarıçoban, M. Berber, T. Giray, T. Coşkun, E. Romano, P. Saf, Ç. Ayanoğlu, Ç. Timur, A. Yörük, T. Şimşek	Morning round Clinic visit F. Bakar, H.Topaloğlu, R. Düşünsel, M. Uğraş, H. Sarıçoban, M. Berber, T. Giray, T. Coşkun, E. Romano, P. Saf, Ç. Ayanoğlu, Ç. Timur, A. Yörük, T. Şimşek	Morning round Clinic visit F. Bakar, H.Topaloğlu, R. Düşünsel M. Uğraş, H. Sarıçoban, M. Berber, T. Giray, T. Coşkun, E. Romano, P. Saf, Ç. Ayanoğlu, Ç. Timur, A. Yörük, T. Şimşek	09.00-12.00 Only IV. and VIII. Week Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session All groups Conference Hall	Morning round Clinic visit F. Bakar, H.Topaloğlu, R. Düşünsel M. Uğraş, H. Sarıçoban, M. Berber, T. Giray, T. Coşkun, E. Romano, P. Saf, Ç. Ayanoğlu, Ç. Timur, A. Yörük, T. Şimşek	Morning round Clinic visit F. Bakar, H.Topaloğlu, R. Düşünsel M. Uğraş, H. Sarıçoban, M. Berber, T. Giray, T. Coşkun, E. Romano, P. Saf, Ç. Ayanoğlu, Ç. Timur, A. Yörük, T. Şimşek
10.00- 10.50	Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation	Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation	Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation A. Vitrinel	Conference Hall Only 2.4.6.8. week (13.7.2022 27.7.2022 10.8.2022 24.8.2022 14.9.2022 28.9.2022)	Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation	Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation
11.00- 11.50	Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation	Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation	Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation A. Vitrinel		Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation	Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation
12.00- 12.50	Lunch	Lunch		Lunch	Lunch	Lunch
13.00- 15.50	Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation	Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation	08.30-09.00 Multi-disciplinary Case Discussion Conference Hall Kozyatağı 09.00-12.00 Only IV. and VIII. Week Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session All groups Conference Hall Only 2.4.6.8. week13.7.2022 (27.7.2022 10.8.2022 24.8.2022 14.9.2022 28.9.2022)		Clinical Experience Pediatric Allergy Learning Session, R. Cengizlier	Clinical Experience Policlinics in Rotation Pediatrics Ward in Rotation
16.00- 16.30	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning		Independent Learning	Independent Learning
18.00- 24.00	Night shift	Night shift	N	light shift	Night shift	Night shift

	5th floor (clinic)	NICU	Ped Neurol	Endoc	Ped GE	Plc1-2	Ped Allergy	NB	Ped Hemat ol.
1 st Week	1	2	3	4	5-14	7-8	9-10	11	12
2 nd Week	2	3	4	5-14	6-13	9-10	11	12	1
3 rd Week	3	4	5-14	6-13	7-8	11	12	1	2
4 th Week	4	5-14	6-13	7-8	9-10	12	1	2	3
5 th Week	5-14	6-13	7-8	9-10	11	1	2	3	4
6 th Week	6-13	7-8	9-10	11	12	2	3	4	5-14
7 th Week	7-8	9-10	11	12	1	3	4	5-14	6-13
8 th Week	9-10	11	12	1	2	4	5-14	6-13	7-8

Groups Ped GE: Pediatric Gastroenterology; NB: Neonatology, Plc: Polyclinic, Neurol: Neurology

2022 - 2023 Intern Working Schedule in Pediatrics

Weeks	Group 4	Group 5	Group 6	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3
1 st - 2 nd	01.07.2022 - 15.07.2022	01.09.2022- 15.09.2022	01.11.2022- 15.11.2022	01.01.2023- 15.01.2023	01.03.2023- 15.03.2023	01.05.2023- 15.05.2023
3 rd - 4 th	16.07.2022 - 30.07.2022	16.09.2022- 30.09.2022	16.11.2022- 30.11.2022	16.01.2023- 31.01.2023	16.03.2023- 31.03.2023	16.05.2023- 31.05.2023
5 th - 6 th	31.07.2022 - 17.08.2022	01.10.2022- 15.10.2022	01.12.2022- 15.12.2022	01.02.2023- 15.02.2023	01.04.2023- 15.04.2023	01.06.2023- 15.06.2023
7 th - 8 th	18.08.2022 - 31.08.2022	16.10.2022- 31.10.2022	16.12.2022- 31.12.2022	16.02.2023- 28.02.2023	16.04.2023- 30.04.2023	16.06.2023- 30.06.2023

⁻ Intern doctors should be on time at 09:00 a.m in the morning in clincs and should prepare their own patient to present that who are in charge of on it.

⁻ Every week on Wednesday from 10:00 to 12:00 the Pediatric Trainers (Prof Dr Ayça Vitrinel) will organize a training meeting in the hospital conferance room.

⁻Twice a month on Thursday at 13.00-14.00 Prof Dr R Cengizlier will lecture

⁻ During the internship every evening one intern student will stay from 17.00 to 24.00 on duty.

OBSTETRICS and GYNECOLOGY

Head of the Obstetrics and Gynecology Department: Erkut Attar, MD., PhD, Prof.

Responsible of Course of Training: Rukset Attar, MD., PhD, Prof., Dr. Öğr Üyesi Melis Gökçe Koçer Yazıcı

Faculty

Erkut Attar, MD., PhD, Prof.

Orhan Ünal, MD. Prof.

Rukset Attar, MD., PhD, Prof

Tanju Demirören, MD, Dr. Öğr Üyesi

Petek Feriha Uzuner, MD, Dr. Öğr Üyesi

Mert Yeşiladalı, MD. Dr. Öğr Üyesi

Melis Gökçe Koçer Yazicı, MD. Dr. Öğr Üyesi

Yosun Görkem Zeybek Özçer, MD

SANCAKTEPE ŞEHİT PROFESÖR İLHAN VARANK TRAINING AND RESEARCH HOSPITAL Head of Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology:

Niyazi Tuğ, MD. Assoc Prof.

Responsible of Course of Training: Niyazi Tuğ, MD. Assoc Prof.

AIM AND OBJECTIVES OF PHASE VI OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

AIM

The aim of the phase 6 Obstetrics and Gynecology Program is to graduate doctors who are aware of the obstetric and gynecological health priorities; can manage obstetric and gynecological health problems and perform the necessary preventive health care implementations in a primary care setting; practice their profession following ethical principles, using up-to-date and evidence based scientific knowledge, show good communication skills.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

At the end of this program the student should be able to;

- list contraceptive methods, help the patient for appropriate method selection
- perform the right method in the direction of patient's will and necessity
- diagnose pregnancy, follow-up until birth; in routine pregnancy controls order the right tests and evaluate the results
- perform Non-stress test (NST) and evaluate the result
- do differential diagnosis of Hyperemesis Gravidarum and diagnose
- diagnose the high-risk situations during pregnancy like gestational diabetes, multiple pregnancy, ectopic pregnancy; explain the emergency and importance of the situation to patients' relatives; organize and refer the patient
- list the risk factors of obstetric emergencies like pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, antenatal bleeding, postpartum bleeding; in these situations he/she should be able to perform the first aid and transport the patient
- diagnose, list the causes and lead the patient for gynecological situations like amenorrhea, menopause, abnormal uterine bleeding, postmenopausal bleeding
- list the causes of sexually transmitted diseases (STD)
- inform the patient about protection and prophylaxis methods for STD's, order diagnostic tests and perform the appropriate treatment
- list the risk factors of gynecological cancers
- perform cervical smear, evaluate the result and lead the patient for treatment
- communicate effectively with patients, patients' relatives, colleagues and other health staff
- obtain informed consent when necessary

ROTATIONS

One Month Yeditepe University Hospital, Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology

One Month Sancaktepe Şehit Profesör İlhan Varank Training And Research Hospital, Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology

The students will build upon knowledge and abilities for the following skills acquired during the rotation; in addition to the general medical history, the student will demonstrate an ability to obtain and understand the basic elements of reproductive history taking, in addition to the general medical physical examination, the student will demonstrate the appropriate sensitivity and skills necessary to perform a physical examination in pregnant or non-pregnant patients. At the end of the program the students should be able to; coordinate normal delivery situation, and perform episiotomy, pre-, peri-, and post-natal care. Because of the importance of the sensitivity and intim nature of the gynecologic patient's history and physical examination, the students should gain specific skills at the end of the rotation.

Each student should attend to the weekly performed scientific seminars.

Daily work schedule of the students starts at 08:30. In this shift work, students should work with their designated supervisor during all the time. Students should evaluate pre-natal and post-natal patients by taking their anamnesis, medical histories and performing physical examinations, along with laboratory investigations, and consultations. During the training period each student is required to deliver at least 15 babies.

The attendance to the work time is strictly required for both in faculty and related hospitals.

Every student should obey the working conditions and rules of each related hospital. Students who do not obey these requirements and resist against the routine disciplinary order will be expelled from the program along with a report to the Dean of the Medical Faculty.

For each student "An Intern Evaluation Form" will be designed.

At the end of the training program students will be also evaluated as "successful / unsuccessful" according to their attendance.

At the end of their training the students will be evaluated and graded according to their antenatal, prenatal, delivery numbers, laboratory, and patient-care skills along with their theoretical knowledge. The grading will be done as "passed" or "failed" with an overall evaluation score of 100.

NCC 2014 – Essential Medical Procedures (Obstetrics and Gynecology)	Performance Level
Examination of pregnant woman	3
Gynecologic examination	3
Obtaining informed consent	4
Preparing epicrisis	4
Preparing patient file	4
Writing prescription	4
Preparing treatment refusal form	4
Providing care to mother after delivery	3
Performing episiotomy and suturing	2
Following pregnant and puerperant woman	3
Managing spontaneous delivery	2
Obtaining servical and vaginal smear sample	3

ROTATIONS:

One month (YUH) Yeditepe University Hospital, Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology

One month (SSPIVTRH) Sancaktepe Şehit Profesör İlhan Varank Training and Research Hospital

Rotation Schedule

Obstetrics and Gynecology Phase VI Week I

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
08.30- 09.00	Introductory Session (Introduction Obstetrics and Gynecology	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Multi-disciplinary Case Discussion All Groups (I-VI) Conference Hall, Kozyatağı	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)
09.00-12.00	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
12.00-13.15	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch
13.15-16.00	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
16.00- 16.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning
17.00-17.50					

Obstetrics and Gynecology Phase VI Week II - III

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
08.30- 09.00	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)
09.00-12.00	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	09.00-12.00 Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session All groups Conference Hall 13.7.2022 27.7.2022 10.8.2022 24.8.2022 14.9.2022 28.9.2022	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
12.00- 13.15	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch
13.15- 16.00	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session All groups Conference Hall 13.7.2022 27.7.2022 10.8.2022 24.8.2022 14.9.2022 28.9.2022	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
16.00- 16.50 17.00-17.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning

Obstetrics and Gynecology Phase VI Week IV

Fliase VI WEEK IV								
	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday			
08.30- 09.00	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)			
09.00- 12.00	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session Conference Hall All Groups (I-VI)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)			
12.00- 13.15	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch			
13.15- 16.00	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session Conference Hall All Groups (I-VI	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Program Evaluation Session Review of the learning objectives, Evaluation of the Course Program Head of the Dept of Obstetrics and Gynecology			
16.00- 16.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning			
17.00- 17.50								

GENERAL SURGERY / EMERGENCY MEDICINE

Head of the Department of General Surgery: Özcan Gökçe, MD. Prof.

Responsible of Course of Training: Kinyas Kartal, MD Assoc. Prof.

Faculty:

Neşet Köksal MD. Prof

Erhan Ayşan MD. Prof

Head of the Department of Emergency Medicine: Sezgin Sarıkaya, MD. Prof.

Pınar Tura, MD. Assist. Prof.

M.Feridun Çelikmen, MD. Assist. Prof.

Mustafa Yazıcıoğlu, MD. Assist. Prof.

Cem Şimşek, MD. Assist. Prof.

Emin Gökhan Gencer, MD. Assist. Prof.

Hande Candemir, MD. Assist. Prof.

Erman Uygun, MD, Emergency Med. Specialist

Abuzer Kekeç, MD. Emergency Med. Specialist

AIM AND OBJECTIVES OF PHASE VI GENERAL SURGERY / EMERGENCY MEDICINE INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

AIM

The aim of the General Surgery and Emergency Medicine clerkship is to graduate doctors who can manage the diseases of digestive system, endocrine system, mammary and emergency surgery as well as wound care and organ transport cases in primary health care settings, when necessary can also consult the patient with other branches and organize the theraphy and/or follow-up, can refer the patient to upper healthcare facilities providing appropriate transporting conditions. And also who can manage with all types of critical patients including arrest patients and who have chest pain, shortness of breath, any kind of trauma and hypotension.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

In the end of the General Surgery and Emergency Medicine internship program the students should be able to:

KNOWLEDGE

- consider the expectations of those who provide or receive care in the ED and use communication methods that minimize the potential for stress, conflict, and miscommunication
- synthesize chief complaint, history, physical examination, and available medical information to develop a differential diagnosis
- based on all of the available data, narrow and prioritize the list of weighted differential diagnoses to determine appropriate management
- demonstrate clear and concise documentation that describes medical decision- making, ED course, and supports the development of the clinical impression and management plan
- use diagnostic testing based on the pre-test probability of disease and the likelihood of test results altering management

SKILLS

- perform basic and advanced airway procedures, basic life support
- perform advanced cardiac and trauma life support for adults and children
- approach to a patient with chest pain/abdominal pain/shortness of breath
- manage with a polytrauma patient
- differentiate the reasons of chest pain and treat acute coronary syndromes
- explain the types of shock, manage with a shock patient, define the differentials, select the proper treatment
- define the rythm on ECG, approach to a patint with tachycardia/bradycardia
- explain the toxidromes and approach to an intoxicated patient
- explain the basic principles of disaster management
- arrange necessary consultation with physicians and other professionals when needed

ATTITUDE

- consider the expectations of those who provide or receive care in the ED and use communication methods that minimize the potential for stress, conflict, and miscommunication
- · establish rapport with and demonstrate empathy toward patients and their families
- recognize and resolve interpersonal conflict in the emergency department including conflicts with patients and family
- rommunicate information to patients and families using verbal, nonverbal, written, and technological skills, and confirm understanding
- communicate risks, benefits, and alternatives to therapeutic interventions to patients and/or appropriate surrogates, and obtain consent when indicated

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAM

The students who have been sent for 2 months rotation, work in outpatient, impatient clinics. Operation room and in other related services under the responsibility of a surgeon. They also take responsibility of patient care and work actively like the residents of the related clinic.

A training program has been given to the students at the beginning of each week and they are expected to work with and assist the residents. During the rotation the students should have performed the following skills; taking history from the patient, analyzing laboratory tests, pre- and postoperative patient care, patient hospitalization/discharge, follow up. Each student should follow a definite number of beds. They are obligated to take care of their patients during the rotation.

Each intern doctor is expected to be on ward duty over night periodically. It is aimed to teach the student how to approach to the poly-traumatized patient and to the patient with acute surgical problems.

The students should attend to case presentations, seminars which are held in clinic.

At the end of the clerkship, evaluation of student performance will be based on overall clinical preformance both in hospital and outpatient clinics, case papers, the attitudes toward patients, interest in psychiatry, participation in seminars and overnight calls, regular attendance at scientific meetings, lectures and case conferences, the level of scientific and practical knowledge and consulting skills. Ratings of students recorded with required projects and will be performed as passed or failed with an overall evaluation score of 100.

NCC 2014 – Essential Medical Procedures (General Surgery)	Performance Level
General and symptom-based patient interview	4
Assessing mental status	4
Head-Neck and ENT examination	3
Abdominal physical examination Digital rectal examination	3
General condition and vital signs assessment	4
Cardiovascular system examination	3
Musculoskeletal system examination	3
Breast and axillar region examination	4
Respiratory system examination	4
Urological examination	3
Preparing forensic report	3
Obtaining informed consent	4
Preparing epicrisis	4
Preparing patient file	4
Referring patient appropriately	4
Preparing death certificate	3
Preparing medical reports and notice	3
Writing prescription	4
Preparing treatment refusal form Reading direct radiographs and assessment	3
Measuring and assessing bleeding time	3
Filling laboratory request form	4
Interpretation of screening and diagnostic examination results	3
Definition and management of forensic cases	3
Bandaging and tourniquet application	4
Establishing IV line	3
Incision and drainage of skin and soft tissue abscess	4
Restriction and stopping external bleeding	4
Hand washing	4
Appropriate patient transportation	4
Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection	3
Urinary catheterization	3
Assessing disease / trauma severity score	4
Measuring blood pressure	4
Performing blood transfusion	2
Obtaing sample for cultre Enema administration	3
Nasogastric catheterization	3
Oral, rectal, vaginal and topical drug administration	3
Providing basic life support	4
Transfering amputated limb appropriate	4
Care for burns	3
Superficial suturing and removal of sutures	3

NCC 2014 – Essential Medical Procedures	
	Performance Level
(Emergency Medicine)	
General and symptom-based patient interview	2
Assessing mental status	2
Psychiatric history taking	2
Examination of forensic cases	2
Antropometric measurements Head-Neck and ENT examination	2
Abdominal physical examination	2
Consciousness assessment and mood state examination	2
Child and newborn examination	2
Skin examination	2
Digital rectal examination	2
Obstetric examination	2
General condition and vital signs assessment	2
Eye, fundus examination	2
Gynecologic examination	2
Cardiovascular system examination	2
Musculoskeletal system examination	2
Breast and axillar region examination	2
Neurological examination	2
Respiratory system examination	2
Urological examination	2
Preparing forensic report	2
Obtaining informed consent	2
Preparing epicrisis	2
Preparing patient file	2
Referring patient appropriately	2
Preparing death certificate	2
Preparing medical reports and notice	2
Writing prescription	2
Preparing treatment refusal form	2
Providing decontamination, disinfection, sterilization, antisepsis	2
Reading direct radiographs and assessment	2
Taking and evaluating ECG	2
Measuring blood glucose level with glucometry Stabilization of psychiatric emergency patient	2 2
Definition and management of forensic cases	2
"Airway" manipulation	2
Rational drug use	2
Preparing and applying splints	2
Bandaging and tourniquet application	2
Placement of anterior buffer and removal	2
Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification)	2
Establishing IV line	2
Defibrilation	2
Incision and drainage of skin and soft tissue abscess	2
Restriction and stopping external bleeding	2
Hand washing	2
Intubation	2
Glascow-coma-scale assessment	2
Appropriate patient transportation	2
Giving patient recovery position	2
Removal of foreign body from airway with appropriate maneuver	2
Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection	2
Urinary catheterization	2
Providing advanced life support	2
Suicide intervention	2
Measuring blood pressure	2
Performing blood transfusion	2

Thick removal	2
Enema administration	2
Performing lomber puncture	2
Gastric lavage	2
Minimental state examination	2
Nasogastric catheterization	2
Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment	2
Cervical collar application	2
Providing basic life support	2
Noenatal rescucitation	2
Superficial suturing and removal of sutures	2

General Surgery Phase VI Week I

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
08.30- 09.00	Introductory Session Introduction to General Surgery Mirkhalig Javadov	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)
09.00-12.00	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)
12.00- 12.30	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch
12.30-13.15	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Independent Learning	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Independent Learning
13.15- 16.00-	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
16.00- 16.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning
17.00-17.50	mucpendent Learning	independent Leaning	independent Learning	independent Learning	independent Learning

General Surgery Phase VI Week II-III

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
08.30- 09.00	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Multi-disciplinary Case Discussion Conference Hall Kozyatağ	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)
09.00-12.00	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session Conference Hall All Groups (I-VI)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)
12.00- 12.30	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch
12.30-13.15	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Independent Learning	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Independent Learning
13.15- 16.00-	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session Conference Hall All Groups (I-VI)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
16.00- 16.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning
17.00-17.50					

General Surgery Phase VI Week IV

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
08.30- 09.00	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)
09.00-12.00	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session Conferens Hall All Groups (I-VI)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)
12.00- 12.30	Lunch	Lunch			
12.30-13.15	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch
13.15- 16.00-	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session Conferens Hall All Groups (I-VI	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Program Evaluation Session Review of the learning aims, Evaluation of the Course Program Head of General Surgery
16.00- 16.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning
17.00- 17.00					

- Seminar (all groups: All phase VI groups will attend Hospital 2nd Floor, Conference Hall
 During Clinical experience all interns may attend to the operations (scrubbed, as a first assistant). And they must obey the all of the rules of operating theatre.
 3. All interns may attend the patient visits of surgeons.

EMERGENCY MEDICINE

Head of the Department of Emergency Medicine: Sezgin Sarıkaya, MD. Prof.

Pınar Tura, MD. Assist. Prof.

Feridun Çelikmen, MD. Assist. Prof.

Mustafa Yazıcıoğlu, MD. Assist. Prof.

Cem Şimşek, MD. Assist. Prof.

Emin Gökhan Gencer, MD. Assist. Prof.

Hande Candemir, MD. Assist. Prof.

Erman Uygun, MD, Emergency Med. Specialist

Abuzer Kekeç, MD. Emergency Med. Specialist

AIM AND OBJECTIVES OF PHASE VI GENERAL SURGERY / EMERGENCY MEDICINE INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

AIM

The aim of the General Surgery and Emergency Medicine clerkship is to graduate doctors who can manage the diseases of digestive system, endocrine system, mammary and emergency surgery as well as wound care and organ transport cases in primary health care settings, when necessary can also consult the patient with other branches and organize the theraphy and/or follow-up, can refer the patient to upper healthcare facilities providing appropriate transporting conditions. And also who can manage with all types of critical patients including arrest patients and who have chest pain, shortness of breath , any kind of trauma and hypotension .

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

In the end of the General Surgery and Emergency Medicine internship program the students should be able to;

KNOWLEDGE

- consider the expectations of those who provide or receive care in the ED and use communication methods that minimize the potential for stress, conflict, and miscommunication
- synthesize chief complaint, history, physical examination, and available medical information to develop a differential diagnosis
- based on all of the available data, narrow and prioritize the list of weighted differential diagnoses to determine appropriate management
- demonstrate clear and concise documentation that describes medical decision- making, ED course, and supports the development of the clinical impression and management plan
- use diagnostic testing based on the pre-test probability of disease and the likelihood of test results altering management

SKILLS

- perform basic and advanced airway procedures, basic life support
- perform advanced cardiac and trauma life support for adults and children
- approach to a patient with chest pain/abdominal pain/shortness of breath
- manage with a polytrauma patient
- differentiate the reasons of chest pain and treat acute coronary syndromes
- explain the types of shock, manage with a shock patient, define the differentials, select the proper treatment
- define the rythm on ECG, approach to a patint with tachycardia/bradycardia
- explain the toxidromes and approach to an intoxicated patient
- explain the basic principles of disaster management
- arrange necessary consultation with physicians and other professionals when needed

ATTITUDE

- consider the expectations of those who provide or receive care in the ED and use communication methods that minimize the potential for stress, conflict, and miscommunication
- · establish rapport with and demonstrate empathy toward patients and their families
- recognize and resolve interpersonal conflict in the emergency department including conflicts with patients and family
- rommunicate information to patients and families using verbal, nonverbal, written, and technological skills, and confirm understanding
- communicate risks, benefits, and alternatives to therapeutic interventions to patients and/or appropriate surrogates, and obtain consent when indicated

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAM

The students who have been sent for 2 months rotation, work in outpatient, impatient clinics. Operation room and in other related services under the responsibility of a surgeon. They also take responsibility of patient care and work actively like the residents of the related clinic.

A training program has been given to the students at the beginning of each week and they are expected to work with and assist the residents. During the rotation the students should have performed the following skills; taking history from the patient, analyzing laboratory tests, pre- and postoperative patient care, patient hospitalization/discharge, follow up. Each student should follow a definite number of beds. They are obligated to take care of their patients during the rotation.

Each intern doctor is expected to be on ward duty over night periodically. It is aimed to teach the student how to approach to the poly-traumatized patient and to the patient with acute surgical problems.

The students should attend to case presentations, seminars which are held in clinic.

At the end of the clerkship, evaluation of student performance will be based on overall clinical preformance both in hospital and outpatient clinics, case papers, the attitudes toward patients, interest in psychiatry, participation in seminars and overnight calls, regular attendance at scientific meetings, lectures and case conferences, the level of scientific and practical knowledge and consulting skills. Ratings of students recorded with required projects and will be performed as passed or failed with an overall evaluation score of 100.

NCC 2014 – Essential Medical Procedures (Emergency Medicine)	Performance Level
General and symptom-based patient interview	2
Assessing mental status	2
Psychiatric history taking	2
Examination of forensic cases	2
Antropometric measurements	2
Head-Neck and ENT examination	2
Abdominal physical examination	2
Consciousness assessment and mood state examination	2
Child and newborn examination	2
Skin examination	2
Digital rectal examination	2
Obstetric examination	2
General condition and vital signs assessment	2
Eye, fundus examination	2
Gynecologic examination	2
Cardiovascular system examination	2
Musculoskeletal system examination	2
Breast and axillar region examination	2
Neurological examination	2
Respiratory system examination	2
Urological examination	2
Preparing forensic report	2
Obtaining informed consent	2
Preparing epicrisis	2
Preparing patient file	2
Referring patient appropriately	2
Preparing death certificate	2
Preparing medical reports and notice	2
Writing prescription	2
Preparing treatment refusal form	2
Providing decontamination, disinfection, sterilization, antisepsis	2
Reading direct radiographs and assessment	2
Taking and evaluating ECG	2
Measuring blood glucose level with glucometry	2
Stabilization of psychiatric emergency patient	2
Definition and management of forensic cases	2
"Airway" manipulation	2
Rational drug use	2
Preparing and applying splints	2
Bandaging and tourniquet application	2
Placement of anterior buffer and removal	2
Following child growth and development (Percentile graphics, Tanner classification)	2
Establishing IV line	2
Defibrilation	2
Incision and drainage of skin and soft tissue abscess	2
Restriction and stopping external bleeding	2
Hand washing	2
Intubation	2
	2
Glascow-coma-scale assessment	2
Appropriate patient transportation	
Giving patient recovery position	2
Removal of foreign body from airway with appropriate maneuver	2
Performing IM, IV, SC, ID injection	2
Urinary catheterization	2
Providing advanced life support	2
Suicide intervention	2
Measuring blood pressure	2

Performing blood transfusion	2
Thick removal	2
Enema administration	2
Performing lomber puncture	2
Gastric lavage	2
Minimental state examination	2
Nasogastric catheterization	2
Delivering oxygen and administering nebule-inhaler treatment	2
Cervical collar application	2
Providing basic life support	2
Noenatal rescucitation	2
Superficial suturing and removal of sutures	2

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT PHASE VI WEEK I

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
08.30- 09.00	Introductory Session Introduction to Emergency Medicine Sezgin Sarıkaya	Ward Round	Multi-disciplinary Case Discussion Conference Hall	Ward Round	Ward Round
09.00- 12.00	Resuscitation Basic Principles of Airway Management and DAI Mustafa Yazıcıoğlu Dificult Airway and Alternate Airway Devices Mustafa Yazıcıoğlu	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Disaster Medicine/CBRN-E Mustafa Ferudun Çelikmen	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Journal Club
12.00- 12.30	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch
12.30- 16.00	Basic and Advanced Life Support for Adults Cem Şimşek Basic and Advanced Life Support for Children Cem Şimşek	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Intoxicated Patient Erman Uygun Toxidromes Erman Uygun	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
17.00- 00.00	Night Shift	Night Shift	Night Shift	Night Shift	Night Shift

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT PHASE VI WEEK II

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
08.30- 09.00	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round	Ward Round
09.00- 12.00	Cardiac and Respiratory Emergencies STEMI / NSTEMI USAP and Risk Stratification Emin Gökhan Gencer	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Rythm Disturbances and Appropriate Treatment Cem Şimşek	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Journal Club
12.00- 12.30	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch
12.30- 16.00	Shortness of Breath Abuzer Kekeç Pulmonary Embolism Abuzer Kekeç	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Acute Renal Failure Hande Candemir	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
17.00- 00.00	Night Shift	Night Shift	Night Shift	Night Shift	Night Shift

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT PHASE VI WEEK III

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
08.30- 09.00	Ward Round	Ward Round	Multi-disciplinary Case Discussion Conference Hall	Ward Round	Ward Round
9.00-12.00	Trauma Management of Polytrauma Patient Sezgin Sarıkaya Abdominal and Chest Trauma Sezgin Sarıkaya Head and Spinal Trauma Mustafa Ferudun Çelikmen	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Intern Presentation Journal Club	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Journal Club
12.00- 12.30	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch
12.30-16.00	Pelvic Trauma and Transfusion Principles Emin Gökhan Gencer	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Approach to Abdominal Pain Pınar Tura	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)
17.00-00.00	Night Shift	Night Shift	Night Shift	Night Shift	Night Shift

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT PHASE VI WEEK IV

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
08.30- 09.00	Ward Round	Ward Round	Multi-disciplinary Case Discussion Conference Hall	Ward Round	Ward Round
09.00-12.00	Neurological Emergencies Stroke Abuser Kekeç TIA Abuzer Kekeç	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom- Based Learning Session All Groups Conference Hall	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Journal Club
12.00- 13.15	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch
13.15- 16.00	Altered Mental Status Hande Candemir	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom- Based Learning Session All Groups Conference Hall	Clinical Experience (Outpatient)	Program Evaluation Session Review of the learning aims, Evaluation of the Course Program Head of Emergency Departmant
17.00-00.00	Night Shift	Night Shift	Night Shift	Night Shift	Night Shift

PSYCHIATRY

YEDİTEPE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL

Head of the Department of Psychiatry : Okan Taycan, MD. Prof.

Responsible of Course of Training: Okan Taycan MD. Prof.

Faculty:

Naz Berfu Akbaş, MD. Assoc. Prof.

Hakan Atalay, MD. Assoc. Prof.

Serhat Tunç, MD. Assoc. Prof.

AIM AND OBJECTIVES OF PHASE VI PSYCHIATRY INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

AIM

The aim of the Phase 6 Psychiatry Program is to graduate doctors who have knowledge about psychiatric disorders; can make diagnosis and differential diagnosis, initiate the treatment of diseases he/she is competent about and follow them up in primary health care settings; can inform the patients and their relatives about the disorder and refer them to the specialist in cases where he/she is not competent.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

At the end of the Psychiatry internship program the students should be able to;

KNOWLEDGE

- have information on the neuroscientific and psychological bases of major psychiatric disorders, including schizophrenia, mood disorders, and anxiety disorders
- have information sufficient to make differential diagnoses between psychiatric and medical problems, and
- have a basic information on the psychopharmacology and psychotherapies

SKILLS

- evaluate psychiatric patients by assessing mental status, taking psychiatric history and performing psychiatric examination
- request the appropriate laboratory tests and consultations, when necessary
- stabilize the psychiatric emergency cases
- protect him/herself from a violent patient
- distinguish the symptoms, make diagnosis, and differential diagnosis, initiate the appropriate treatment and perform follow-ups of the diseases like depression, anxiety and panic attacks.
- distinguish the symptoms, make diagnosis, make the preliminary interventions and refer to the specialist in psychiatric diseases like schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, phobias, substance use disorders, psychosomatic disorders, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder
- give the necessary information and refer to the specialist in personality disorders
- make the necessary interventions in emergency conditions like suicide, conversion disorder, manic episode, and substance-related emergencies
- communicate effectively with the patients' relatives

ATTITUDE

- approach the patient in a neutral, extra-judicial and indiscriminate manner
- care about the privacy of patients, gives patients confidence
- establish empathy with the patients

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAM

Students at their 6th year of medical schools are nearly considered as physicians, and they are expected to evaluate the patients based on the highest levels of personal skills and the most updated medical knowledge available worldwide. They should also be expected to make (differential) diagnose(s) among individuals with many different disorders, disturbances, as well as healthy ones. To do this, students should learn to view each of the patients as a whole person along with psychological, social and biological aspects. One-month clerkship training in psychiatry department is aimed at getting the interns these qualities together with a comprehensive approach toward not only psychiatric patients, but also all of the patients evaluated. In addition, the main goal of the psychiatry clerkship in practice is essentially to familiarize the student with the fundamentals of the psychiatric assessment and the diagnosis and treatment of psychiatric illnesses, including the common medical and neurological disorders related to the practice of psychiatry.

During Psychiatry Rotation students will have the opportunity to interact with and care for patients with a variety of psychiatric problems and in a variety of settings (inpatient units, outpatient clinics, emergency department and substance use disorders). In the outpatient clinic medical students will be expected to learn to assess ambulatory patients with new onset, as well as, chronic psychotic, substance use, mood and anxiety disorders, PTSD, somatoform disorders, and personality disorders. To gain the ability to make a differential diagnosis between psychiatric disorders proper and those disorders with psychiatric symptoms due to the various medical conditions such as trauma, substance use, medical diseases, etc. is of prime importance throughout their clinical practice.

The psychiatry clerkship is a 1 month rotation for the 6th year medical students with a goal of preparing intern doctors to enable to become interacting with a wide variety of patients with mental diseases in pscyhiatry ward and be able to respond appropriately to the pscyhiatric patients' problems.

At the first day of the course, students will be given an outline of psychiatric rotation and location of the orientation.

The 6th year training program begins with morning report between 09.00 and 09.30 a.m. held five days per week, provides an opportunity for residents to discuss challenging cases with the staff. At the end of this meeting, the first attendance of the day is made regularly. Intern medical students will attend outpatient clinics supervised by the psychiatrist in charge (specialists and senior assistant doctors) and are required for having a patient be examined and following patient evaluation to present the case they interviewed and examined by themselves in the teaching conferences. They also will be responsible to attend daily case presentations and daily review meetings, seminars, lectures, teaching rounds and case supervision submitted in the clinic.

At the end of the clerkship, evaluation of student performance will be based on overall clinical performance both in hospital and outpatient clinics, case papers, the attitudes toward patients, interest in psychiatry, participation in seminars, regular attendence at scientific meetings, lectures and case conferences, the level of scientific and practical knowledge.

NCC 2014 – Essential Medical Procedures (Psychiatry)	Performance Level
General and symptom-based patient interview	3
Assessing mental status	4
Psychiatric history taking	3
Consciousness assessment and mood state examination	3
General condition and vital signs assessment	4
Preparing forensic report	3
Obtaining informed consent	4
Preparing epicrisis	3
Preparing patient file	3
Referring patient appropriately	3
Preparing medical reports and notice	3
Writing prescription	3
Preparing treatment refusal form	3
Filling laboratory recuse form	4
Interpretation of screening and diagnostic examination results	3
Stabilization of psychiatric emergency patient	3
Assessing suicidal risk	2
Suicide intervention	2
Minimental state examination	3
Defining concent capacity	3

Psychiatry Phase VI Week I

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	
		Tuesday	Wednesday	Hursday	Filday	
08.30- 09.00	Introductory Session (Introduction to Psychiatry)	Discussions (small groups)	Discussions (small groups)	Discussions (small groups)	Discussions (small groups)	
09.00-12.00	Ward Round	Clinical Experience (History taking)	Clinical Experience (History taking)	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Grand Round	
12.00- 13.00	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	
13.00- 15.00-	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)			Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	
15.00- 17.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	

Psychiatry
Phase VI Week II-III

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	
08.30- 09.00	Discussions (small groups)	Discussions (small groups)	scussions (small groups) Discussions (small groups)		Discussions (small groups)	
09.00-12.00	Ward Round	Clinical Experience (History taking)	Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session All Groups Conference Hall) 2. week	Clinical Experience (Out patient)	Grand Round	
12.00- 13.00	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	
13.00- 15.00-	Clinical Experience Clinical Experience (Inpatient) (Inpatient)		Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session All Groups Conference Hall 2.week	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	
15.00- 17.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning Independent Learning		Independent Learning	

Psychiatry Phase VI Week IV

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	
08.30- 09.00	Discussions (small groups)	Discussions (small groups)	Discussions (small groups	Discussions (small groups)	Discussions (small groups)	
09.00-12.00	Ward Round	Clinical Experience (History taking)	Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session All Groups Conference Hall Clinical Experience (Out patient)		Clinical Experience (Out patient)	
12.00- 13.00	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	
13.00- 15.00-	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session All Groups Conference Hall	Clinical Experience (Inpatient)	Program Evaluation Session Review of the learning aims, Evaluation of the Course Program Head of the Dept of Psychiatry	
15.00- 16.30	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	

RURAL MEDICINE

Recep Erol Sezer, MD. Prof of Public Health Head of the Department of Public Health

Faculty

Güldal İzbırak, MD. Prof. of Medical Education
Özlem Tanrıöver, MD. Prof. of Family Medicine
Ayşe Arzu Akalın, MD. Assist. Prof. of Family Medicine
Hale Arık Taşyıkan, MD. Assist. Prof. of Public Health
M.Ferudun Çelikmen, MD, Assist. Prof. of Emergency Medicine
Ebru Çayır, MD. Assist. Prof. of Family Medicine

FAMILY HEALTH CENTERS

Ataşehir Region

Atatürk FHC: Behçet Gök, MD Eda Tezcan Aydıner, MD Kayışdağı FHC: Önder Yiğit, MD

Nazan Kader Ertuğrul, MD **Ataşehir Kanuni No 2 FHC:** Gözde Metin Bat, MD

Kadıköy Region

Kozyatağı FHC: Kemal Murat Ünalmış, MD

Deniz Oğuz, MD

Merdivenköy FHC: Ertuğrul Keskin, MD Kadıköy No 3 FHC: Eylem Karaalp, MD

COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTERS

Ataşehir CHC: Arife Midyat, MD Kadıköy CHC: Neslihan Uyar, MD

TUBERCULOSIS CENTERS

Kartal TC Pendik TC Kadıköy TC Üsküdar TC

AIM AND OBJECTIVES OF PHASE VI RURAL MEDICINE INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

AIM

To understand the nature of the preventive, curative and promotive health care services as part of the primary health care system of the country and learn how to manage health and disease within natural settlements of the individuals.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

At the end of this program the student should be able to;

KNOWLEDGE

- explain principles of preventive and promotive medicine
- explain health care delivery systems and facilities
- compare the primary health care system of the country with others
- tell types and methods of epidemiological studies
- tell biostatistically analyzing methods
- define meaning and importance of the health information systems for assessment of the public health status
- evaluate social, cultural and economic determinants of health and diseases

SKILLS

- evaluate and manage health and disease within the social and physical environmental conditions of the individuals
- organize and manage preventive and promotive health services within primary health care facilities
- plan an epidemiological study under field conditions
- present a research project critics a medical manuscript
- produce information and make conclusions by using the health information systems of the community
- develop skills for delivery and management of primary health care services
- collaborate with other sectors for the success of various school health, occupational health and environmental health programs
- conduct in-service training and continuing education of the health personnel

ATTITUDE

_ value the meaning and importance of teamwork for public health

NCC 2014 – Essential Medical Procedures (Rural Medicine)	Performance Level
Examination of forensic cases	1
Crime scene investigation	1
Death examination	3
Preparing forensic report	3
Obtaining informed consent	3
Preparing death certificate	4
Preparing treatment refusal form	3
Leading immunization services	3
Preparing medical reports and notice	3
Referring patient appropriately	3
Defining and finding solution for health associated problems in community using epidemiological methods.	3
Water disinfection	3
Obtaining water sample	3
Defining and evaluating chlorine level in water	3
Organizational of emergency services	3
Providing health services under extraordinary condition	3
Fighting against communicable diseases in community	3

PHASE VI RURAL MEDICINE ROTATIONS 2022 - 2023

Group	Seminars 2 Weeks	Family Health Center 2 Weeks	Public Health Center 2 Weeks	Tuberculosis Center 1 Week	Family Medicine Department Research Presentations
5	July 01- 15, 2022	18.07.2022 29.07.2022 5 /A 01.08.2022 12.08.2022 5/B	18.07.2022 29.07.2022 5/B 01.08.2022 12.08.2022 5/A	August, 15-19, 2022	August, 22 - 31, 2022
6	September 01-09, 2022	12.09.2022 23.09.2022 6/A 26.09.2022 07.10.2022 6/B	12.09.2022 23.09.2022 6/B 26.09.2022 07.10.2022 6/A	October, 10 - 14, 2022	October, 17 - 31, 2022
1	November, 01 - 11, 2022	14.11.2022 25.11.2022 1/A 28.11.2022 09.12.2022 1/B	14.11.2022 25.11.2022 1/B 28.11.2022 09.12.2022 1/A	December, 12 - 16, 2022	December, 19-31, 2022
2	January, 01 - 13, 2023	16.01.2023 27.01.2023 2/A 30.01.2023 10.02.2023 2/B	16.01.2023 27.01.2023 2/B 30.01.2023 10.02.2023 2/A	February, 13 - 17, 2023	February, 20 – 28, 2023
3	March, 01 - 10, 2023	13.03.2023 24.03.2023 3/A 27.03.2023 07.04.2023 3/B	13.03.2023 24.03.2023 3/B 27.03.2023 07.04.2023 3/A	April, 10 - 14, 2023	April, 17 - 30, 2023
4	May, 01-12, 2023	15.05.2023 26.05.2023 4/A 29.05.2023 09.06.2023 4/B	15.05.2023 26.05.2023 4/B 29.05.2023 09.06.2023 4/A	June, 12 - 16, 2023	June, 19 - 30, 2023

FHC: FAMILY HEALTH CENTER PHC: PUBLIC HEALTH CENTER TC: TUBERCULOSIS CENTER

Rural Medicine (RM) Phase VI Week I

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	
09.00- 09.50	Introductory Session (Introduction to Family Medicine and Public Health) Recep Erol Sezer		Interactive Lecture Tobacco Control Recep Erol Sezer		Independent Learning Literature search for study proposal	
10.00- 11.50	Interactive Lecture Community-oriented Primary Care: Concepts and History Recep Erol Sezer	Independent Learning Literature search for study proposal	Discussion Tobacco Control Recep Erol Sezer	Independent Learning Literature search for study proposal		
11.00- 11.50	Interactive Lecture Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence Recep Erol Sezer		Discussion Tobacco Control Recep Erol Sezer		Lecture Writing a Study Proposal Özlem Tanrıöver	
12.00- 12.50	Lunch	Lunch Lunch Lunch		Lunch		
13.00- 13.50	Discussion Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence in Primary Care Recep Erol Sezer		Interactive Lecture Chronic Disease Control in Primary Care Recep Erol Sezer	Lecture Critical Appraisal of Manuscripts Hale Arık Taşyıkan	Interactive Lecture Legal Responsibilities in Primary Care Arzu Akalın	
14.00- 14.50	Discussion Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence in Primary Care Recep Erol Sezer	Independent Learning Literature search for study	Discussion Chronic Disease Control in Primary Care Recep Erol Sezer	Discussion Critical Appraisal of	Interactive Lecture Legal Responsibilities in Primary Care Arzu Akalın	
15.00- 15.50	Discussion Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence in Primary Care Recep Erol Sezer	proposal	Discussion Chronic Disease Control in Primary Care Recep Erol Sezer	Manuscripts Hale Arık Taşyıkan	Interactive Lecture Legal Responsibilities in Primary Care Arzu Akalın	
16.00- 16.50 17.00-17:50	Independent Learning		Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	

Rural Medicine (RM) Phase VI Week II

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	
09.00- 09.50	Lecture		Lecture Health Care Organization in Turkey Güldal İzbırak			
10.00-10.50	Disaster Preparedness and Disaster Medicine Basics* Ferudun Çelikmen	Independent Learning Study proposal- working with consultants	Lecture Health Care Organization in Turkey Güldal İzbırak	Independent Learning Study proposal- working with consultants	Independent Learning Study proposal- working with consultants	
11.00- 11.50			Lecture Health Care Organization in Turkey Güldal İzbırak			
12.00- 12.50	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	
13.00- 13.50		Lecture	Interactive Lecture Death Certificate Arzu Akalın			
14.00- 14.50	Lecture Disaster Preparedness and	Ebru Çayır	Interactive Lecture Death Certificate Arzu Akalın	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	
15.00- 15.50	Disaster Medicine Basics* Ferudun Çelikmen	Independent Learning	Interactive Lecture Death Certificate Arzu Akalın			
16.00- 17.50		Independent Learning				

^{*} Detailed Program is given in the following pages after weekly schedules.

Rural Medicine (RM) Phase VI Week III

_										
	Da	ay 1	Day	/ 2	Da	y 3	Day	4	Da	y 5
09.00- 09.50		Clinical Experience Clinical Experience (Ambulatory) (Ambulatory) (Ambulatory)		Clinical Experience (Ambulatory)		Clinical Experience (Ambulatory)				
10.00- 11.50	Groups A Family Health Center Groups B Public Health Center		Groups A Family Health Center Groups B Public Health Center Center Center Center Groups B Public Health Center Center Center Groups B Public Health Center Center Center Center Center Center		Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center	Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center		
12.00- 12.50	Lunch		Lun	ch	Lunch		Lunch		Lunch	
13.00- 13.50		xperience ulatory)	Clinical Ex (Ambul	-	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory)		Clinical Ex (Ambula	-		
14.00- 15.50	Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center	Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center	Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center	Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center	Independent Learning	
16.00- 16.50	- Independent Learning		Independen	t Learning	Independe	nt Learning	Independent Learning			
17.00-17:50			muependen	it Learning	muepenuel	nt Leanning				

Rural Medicine (RM) Phase VI Week IV

	Day	1	Day		C VI WCCK	Day 3	Da	y 4	Day 5				
09.00- 09.50	Clinical Ex (Ambul	_	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory)					xperience latory)					
10.00- 11.50	Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center	Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center	Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session All Groups Conference Hall		Symptom-Based Learning Session All Groups Conference Hall		Symptom-Based Learning Session All Groups Conference Hall		Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center	Reflection Session Moderator: R. Erol Sezer
12.00- 12.50	Lunch		Lunch Lunch		Lunch		Lunch						
13.00- 13.50	Clinical Ex (Ambul	-	Clinical Ex (Ambula	•	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory)		Clinical Experience (Ambulatory)						
14.00- 15.50	Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center	Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center	Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center	Groups A Family Health Center	Groups B Public Health Center	Independent Learning				
16.00- 16.50	In donor do							at Lagraina					
17.00-17:50	Independen	t Learning	Independent	Learning	independ	dent Learning	Independe	nt Learning					

Rural Medicine (RM) Phase VI Week V

	Da	ıy 1	Da	y 2	Da		Da	y 4	Da	ay 5
09.00- 09.50		xperience ılatory)		xperience latory)	Clinical Ex	=	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory)		Clinical Experience (Ambulatory)	
10.00- 10.50	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center
11.00- 11.50	Gro Public Ce	Gro Famil Ce	Gro Public	Gro Famil	Gro Public	Gro Famil	Gro Public	Gro Famil	Gro Public	Gro Famil
12.00- 12.50	Lunch		Lui	nch	Lunch		Lunch		Lunch	
13.00- 13.50		xperience ılatory)			Clinical Experience (Ambulatory)					
14.00- 14.50	os A Health ter	os B Health ter	os A Health ter	os B Health ter	os A Health ter	os B Health ter	os A Health ter	os B Health ter		
15.00- 15.50	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center	Groups A Public Health Center Groups B Family Health Center Center Groups A Public Health Center		Groups B Family Health Center	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center	Independe	nt Learning	
16.00- 16.50	Independe	Independent Learning Independ		nt Learning	t Loarning Indopendent Loarning		Independent Learning			
17.00-17:50	пиоропис	nt Loanning	пасрепас	nt Lourning	Independent Learning Ir		Independent Learning			

Rural Medicine (RM) Phase VI Week VI

	Filase VI Week VI									
	D	ay 1	Da	y 2	Da	y 3	Da	y 4	Day 5	
09.00- 09.50		Experience ulatory)	Clinical E	xperience latory)	Clinical Ex (Ambu	- -	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory)			
10.00- 10.50	ps A Health iter	Groups B Family Health Center	ps A Health iter	ps B Health iter	ps A Health iter	ps B Health tter	roups A blic Health Center	ps B Health iter	Reflection Session Moderator: Recep Erol Sezer	
11.00- 11.50	Groups A Public Health Center Groups B Groups B		Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center		
12.00- 12.50	Lunch		Lui	nch	Lur	nch	Lui	nch	Lunch	
13.00- 13.50		Experience ulatory)		Clinical Experience (Ambulatory)		xperience latory)		xperience latory)		
14.00- 14.50	roups A olic Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Health Center		
15.00- 15.50	Groups A Public Health Center	Groups B Family Heal Center	Groups A Public Heal Center	Groups B Family Heal Center	Gro u Public Cer	Groups B Family Heal Center	Groups A Public Healt Center	Grou Family Cer	Independent Learning	
16.00- 16.50	Independent Learning		Independent Learning Independent Learning		Independent Learning		Independent Learning			
17.00-17:50		ent Learning	independe	nt Leanning	independer	it Learning	mucpende	in Leaning		

Rural Medicine (RM) Phase VI Week VII

I HASE VI WEEK VII						
	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	
09.00- 11.50	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory) Tuberculosis Centers Whole Group	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory) Tuberculosis Centers Whole Group	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory) Tuberculosis Centers Whole Group	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory) Tuberculosis Centers Whole Group	Independent Learning	
12.00- 12.50	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	
13.00- 15.50	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory) Tuberculosis Centers Whole Group	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory) Tuberculosis Centers Whole Group	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory) Tuberculosis Centers Whole Group	Clinical Experience (Ambulatory) Tuberculosis Centers Whole Group	Independent Learning	
16.00- 16.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	
17.00-17:50						

Rural Medicine (RM) Phase VI Week VIII

	Pov 4 Pov 2 Pov 4 Pov 5				
	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
09.00- 11.50	Independent Learning Study proposal- working with consultants	Independent Learning Study proposal- working with consultants	Student-Centred, Symptom-Based Learning Session All Groups Conference Hall	Presentations (students) Critical manuscript reading Recep Erol Sezer Özlem Tanrıöver Ayşe Arzu Akalın Hale Arık Taşyıkan	Independent Learning
12.00- 12.50	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch
13.00- 17.50	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Independent Learning	Presentations (students) Study proposals Recep Erol Sezer Özlem Tanrıöver Ayşe Arzu Akalın Hale Arık Taşyıkan	Program Evaluation Session Review of the rotations, Evaluation of the Rural Health Program Recep Erol Sezer Özlem Tanrıöver Ayşe Arzu Akalın Hale Arık Taşyıkan

DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND DISASTER MEDICINE BASICS

I-PRINCIPLES

- A- Surge Capacity
- B- Definitions
- C- Potential Injury-Creating Event Nomenclature
- D- Critical Substrates for Hospital Operations
 - 1. Physical plant
 - 2. Personnel
 - 3. Supplies and equipment
 - 4. Communication
 - 5. Transportation
 - 6. Supervisory managerial support
- E- Hazard Vulnerability Analysis

II-SPECIFIC ISSUES IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT

- A- TRIAGE
 - 1. Routine Multiple-Casualty Triage
 - 2. Catastrophic Casualty Management
 - 3. Vulnerable Triage Populations
 - 4. Special Triage Categories
- B- CARE OF POPULATIONS WITH FUNCTIONAL OR ACCESS NEEDS
- C- OUT-OF-HOSPITAL RESPONSE
 - 1. Emergency Medical Services System Protocols
 - 2. Incident Command System
 - a. Incident Command
 - b. Operations Section
 - c. Planning Section
 - d. Logistics Section
 - e. Finance Section
 - 3. Organization of the Out-of-Hospital Disaster Scene
- D- PLANNING AND HOSPITAL RESPONSE
 - 1. Comprehensive Emergency Management
 - 2. Hospital Disaster Response Plan
 - 3. Basic Components of a Hospital Comprehensive Disaster Response Planning Process
 - a. Interdepartmental Planning Group

- b. Resource Management
- c. Command Structure
- d. Media
- e. Communication
- f. Personnel
- g. Patient Management
- h. Training Exercises

E- REVIEW OF HOSPITAL AND COMMUNITY DISASTER RESPONSE EXPERIENCE

- 1. Focal Disasters
- 2. Catastrophic Disasters
- 3. Toxic Disasters (Hazardous Material)
- F- CHEMICAL, BIOLOGIC, RADIOLOGIC, NUCLEAR AND EXPLOSIVE TERRORISM
- G- DISASTER STRESS MANAGEMENT
- I- DISASTER MANAGE. AND RESPONSE ORGS. WITHIN GOVERNMENT
- J- FUTURE DIRECTIONS

III- FUNDEMENTALS OF DISASTER MEDICINE

- A- THREATS
 - 1. Earthquake

Medical issues;

- a. Crush syndrome
- b. Multi trauma management
- c. Compartment syndrome / Fasciotomy
- d. Hemodialysis principles
- 2. Landslides
- 3. Floods
- 4. CBRNE
- 5. Terror attacks
- 6. Tornados
- 7. Volcanic eruptions
- B- BEING A PART OF A TEAM
- C- BASICS OF SAR
- D- ETHICS, END OF LIFE
- E- DVI DEFINITIONS

Writing a Proposal of a Research Project

TEN SLIDES-TWENTY MINUTES PRESENTATION

Rural Health Internship Program mandates the presentation of a research proposal relevant to family medicine. This task includes research ideas and the methodology that will be used. It aims to provide ample time for discussion of each presentation.

Ten slides-twenty minutes presentations are for interns suggesting an **IDEA** for research, raise a **QUESTION** concerning a research problem. The students are not required to present the preliminary results. Twenty minutes is allocated for the presentation, using only ten slides. Then there is twenty minutes for discussion.

FEEDBACK ON PRESENTATION SKILLS

The following aspects of the presentation skills will be important: structure, clarity, intonation, speed, volume, non-verbal communication, and use of audiovisuals.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR TENSLIDES-TWENTY MINUTES PRESENTATIONS

· Use the following headings:

Background, Research question(s), Methods.

- ·Describe:
- Background: what is the problem domain your study is relevant for? (what is already known, what knowledge is needed, and what new knowledge will be provided by your study) [suggestion: ± 50 words]
- Research question(s): write down the exact question(s) your study will give the answer to (if >3 objectives you will score less points on this criterion; we prefer focused research) [suggestion: ± 20 words]
- Methods: mention at least study design, setting, participant selection, main variables measured (incl. reference standard in case of a diagnostic study or primary outcome measure in case of a cohort study or RCT) or qualitative methodology, analysis methods (quantitative, qualitative) and statistics (when appropriate) [suggestion: ± 100 words]

We expect that you clearly describe background, (idea for) research question and proposed methodology.

POINTS FOR DISCUSSION

Write down 1-3 points you would like to discuss with your counselors.

SCORING CRITERIA AND GUIDELINES FOR PROPOSALS

- 1. Is the research question clear?
- 2. Is the research area original?
- 3. Is the method appropriate?
- 4. Is the presentation likely to provoke good discussion?
- 5. Does the work have implications for general practice (for example daily work,

Yeditepe University Faculty of Medicine Phase VI Rural Health Project Assessment Scale Project report layout, content, compliance with the Bring all the information together and using creativity Choosing a topic and its relevance to the subject Gathering information using different sources of Understanding basic concepts and information Set up of the Project suitable to obtain aims relating to the project, and presenting Correct writing of resources Bringing the project on time in the presentation spelling rules **TOTAL POINTS** PROJECT NO Name, **Surname** Points Points Points Points Points Points Points Points 0 9 9 9 20 10 10 20 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 **PROJECT** 1 Title of the Project: NO 2 Title of the Project: 3 Title of the Project: 4 Title of the Project:

Reviewing an Article

This task is a short review of an article. An original scientific publication is critically read and studied using given instructions, and reviewed how a scientific article/report is written. The task has two goals: learning how to avoid the most typical errors in the actual work of the course (making the research and reporting), and by the reviewed article it is possible to take a look to the topic of the actual project work.

Critical Appraisal of Medical Manuscripts Assessment Scale				
NAME SURNAME	Choosing the article relevant to 'rural medicine' 10P	Critical appraisal of the manuscript 50P	Presentation – Answering questions 20P	Use of time efficiently 20P

Each student will work with 3-4 people and each group will have a mentor. Mentors of groups will be declared at the first meeting.

The accomplishment of this course consists of reviewing a scientific article, proposal of a scientific project and attendance to seminars and ASM, TSM and VSD. All the tasks must be executed completely. The scales above show the essential items for the assessment.

ELECTIVE

The elective clerkship is a 1 month rotation for the 6th year medical students which has been choosen by the students from the area elective courses in the curriculum.

Like the other rotations, evaluation of student performance will be based on overall clinical performance both in hospital and outpatient clinics, case papers, the attitudes toward patients, participation in seminars and overnight calls, regular attendance at scientific meetings, lectures and case conferences, the level of scientific and practical knowledge and consulting skills. Ratings of students recorded with required projects and will be performed as "passed "or "failed" with an overall evaluation score of 100.

STUDENT COUNSELING

Student counseling is a structured development process established between the student and the consultant that aims to maximize student success by focusing the student to her/his target. Although the major component of this relationship is the student, the faculties also take part by bringing the requirements of this interaction to their systems. The targeted outcomes of the consultant-student interaction are success in the exams, success in the program, and preparation for the professional life.

The aim of counseling is to help students to solve their problems, to give professional guidance, to provide coaching, to contribute to adopting the habit of lifelong learning, to provide information about the University and Faculty, to follow their success and failure and to help them select courses.

The consultants selected among Basic Medical Sciences instructors for the first three years transfer the students to Clinical Sciences instructors for the following three years.

The topics that will be addressed by the consultants are as follows:

- a) Inform students about the university, faculty and surrounding facilities
- b) Inform students about the courses and help them select courses
- c) Inform students about the education and assessment regulations
- d) Follow students attendance to lectures and success
- e) In case of failure, investigate the causes and cooperate with the students to overcome them f) Help students in career planning
- f) Contribute to students adapting the habit of lifelong learning
- g) Guide students to counseling services of the university
- h) Set a role model as long as the professional susceptibility, professional guidance, intellectual responsibility, interaction with peers, ethics, physician awareness are concerned
- i) Contribute to cultivation of professional and intellectual development in a rapidly changing world
- j) Acknowledge the coordinator when there are unsolved problems of the students

Consultant -student relationship is a dynamic and mutual process carried out in the campus and the hospital. It is recommended that the consultant and the student meet at least twice during a semester.

The expectations from the student are as follows:

- a) Contribute to improvement of atisfaction level in the problem areas
- b) Report the social and economic conditions that require consultant's help
- c) Specify expectations from the education and the department from which this training is taken
- d) Give feedback on the counseling services regarding their satisfaction level

The student counseling lists are announced through the Google Classroom pages of the respective phase.

YEDITEPE UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF MEDICINE INTERN PHYSICIAN EVALUATION FORM This form includes evaluation components for intern physicians and is the basis of the passing grade for internship. Intern's name and surname: Intern number: Internship program name: Dates of start and end for internship program: 1. Evaluation of Cognitive Competencies * The level of competency should be determined based on participation in educational activities (Title 1 on the Intern Logbook) and the observations of the Faculty Member / Internship Training Supervisor / Head of the Department for the intern. *Competency Level 1.1. Clinical reasoning and decision making Does not meet expectations □ The stages of decision making process in an evidence based manner; to Meets expectations □ determine preliminary / differential diagnosis/diagnoses, to order Above expectations □ appropriate diagnostic tests, to achieve an appropriate definitive diagnosis Well above expectations □ and treatment (interventional or not). 1.2. Professional knowledge Does not meet expectations □ During the educational activities (case discussions, educational visits, Meets expectations □ faculty member seminars, intern physician seminars, etc.) to answer the Above expectations □ questions, to ask the questions, to start a discussion, to contribute to the Well above expectations □ discussion, to display an understanding of the subject. **1.3.** Literature review and seminar presentation Does not meet expectations □ Preparation based on evidence of higher scientific strength, presenting the Meets expectations □ subject in a solid logical reasoning with in a reference to essential check Above expectations □ points, mastering the subject, answering the questions asked. Well above expectations □ Explanations, opinions and recommendations based on the observations of the Faculty Member / Internship Training Supervisor / Head of the Department 2. Evaluation of Competencies for Basic Medical Practice * The level of competency should be determined based on basic medical practice (Title 2 on the Intern Logbook) and the observations of the Faculty Member / Internship Training Supervisor / Head of Department for the intern. * Competency Level Basic medicine practices Does not meet expectations based on Intern Logbook Meets expectations □ Above expectations □ Well above expectations □ Explanations, opinions and recommendations based on the observations of the Faculty Member / Internship Training Supervisor / Head of the Department 3. Evaluation of Professional Competencies for Medicine * Competency Level 3.1. Communicating with patients and relatives Does not meet expectations \square Meets expectations □ Above expectations □ Well above expectations □

3.2. Compliance in hospital rules (i.e. standard operating procedures, SOPs)					Does not meet expectations ☐ Meets expectations ☐ Above expectations ☐ Well above expectations ☐		
3.3. Working in a team and collaborating and communicating with team members					Does not meet expectations ☐ Meets expectations ☐ Above expectations ☐ Well above expectations ☐		
3.4. Performing given tasks					Does not meet expectations ☐ Meets expectations ☐ Above expectations ☐ Well above expectations ☐		
3.5. Diligence on atteactivities	endance and pa	articipation in sc	ientific	Does not meet expectations ☐ Meets expectations ☐ Above expectations ☐ Well above expectations ☐			
Explanations, opinions and recommendations based on the observations of the Faculty Member / Internship Training Supervisor / Head of the Department							
Evaluated Competer	Total Score (Over 100) (For each section below, the score below 70 obtained by the Intern is a reason for inadequacy.)		Impact on Internship End Score				
Cognitive Competen	cies	Score:	23.7	20%			
Competencies for Ba Practice	Score:		60%				
Professional Compe Medicine	Score:		20%				
*If the competency level for the intern is determined as "does not meet the expectations" in any part of the evaluation form, the intern is considered to be <i>unqualified</i> . In this condition, <i>FF</i> is given as a letter grade. **If the intern physician is deemed inadequate due to <i>absenteeism</i> , <i>FA</i> is given as a letter grade. Internship Evaluation End Score:							
Letter Grade	Letter Grade	Credit Rat	ing				
	Range 85 – 100	AA	4.0				
	75 – 84	BA	3.5				
	65 – 74	BB	3.0				
60 – 64		CB	2.5				
50 – 59		CC	2.0				
	0 – 49	FF					
	Absent	FA					
**Attendance		Absence ≤ 20%		Absence > 20% □			
Decision		Qualified		Unqualified □			
Date:							

Internship Commission:
Faculty Member
Internship Training Supervisor

Faculty Member Head of the Department

CONTACT INFORMATION

Faculty Secretary: Tel: +90 216 578 05 93

Dean Secretary:

Tel: +90 216 578 05 05 - 06 Fax: +90 216 578 05 75

Student Affairs : Tel: 0216 578 06 86

Documents Affairs: Tel: 0216 578 05 93

Coordinator/ Co-coordinator:

Naz Berfu AKBAŞ, MD. Assoc. Prof. (Coordinator), nbakbas@yeditepe.edu.tr

Yaşar KÜÇÜKARDALI, MD. Prof. (Co-coordinator), 216 578 40 00 (4112) yasar.kucukardali@yeditepe.edu.tr

Rukset ATTAR, MD. Prof. (Co-coordinator), rattar@yeditepe.edu.tr

Servet Karagül, MD. Assoc. Prof. (Co-coordinator), servet.karagul@yeditepe.edu.tr

M. Ferudun Çelikmen, MD. Assist. Prof. (Co-coordinator), mustafa.celikmen@yeditepe.edu.tr

Address:

Yeditepe University Faculty of Medicine İnönü Mah. Kayışdağı Caddesi,

26 Ağustos Yerleşimi,

34755 Ataşehir, İstanbul

Web: www.yeditepe.edu.tr

http://www.yeditepe.edu.tr/fakulteler/tip-fakultesi

e-mail: tipfakdek@yeditepe.edu.tr



YEDİTEPE UNIVERSITY

FACULTY of MEDICINE

İnönü Mah. Kayışdağı Caddesi,

26 Ağustos Yerleşimi,

34755 Ataşehir, İstanbul

+ 90 216 578 00 00

Student Affairs

+90 216 578 06 86

www.yeditepe.edu.tr

http://www.yeditepe.edu.tr/fakulteler/tip-fakultesi

tipfakdek@yeditepe.edu.tr

TIPE.P.01-B.B.03 Rev 7, 14.09.2021